Private and Confidential



For Trade Use Only

"HIS MASTER'S VOICE"

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM AND PARTS LIST

for

CHASSIS TYPE J8 TRANSISTOR PORTABLE RADIO RECEIVER

MANUFACTURED AND DISTRIBUTED

by

E.M.I. (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED

(Incorporated in N.S.W.)

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

FREOUENCY RANGE:

525 - 1650 Kc/s.

572 - 182Metres

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 455 Kc/s.

BATTERY:

One Eveready Type 276-P.

BATTERY CONSUMPTION:

Zero Audio Output-

Approximately 10 milliamperes.

50 Milliwatts Audio Output-Approximately 30 milliamperes.

TRANSISTORS:

1 type OC170S ... R.F. Amplifier

1 type OC170 Converter

1 type OC169 I.F. Amplifier

1 type OC975 A.F. Amplifier

1 type OC75 Audio Driver 1 type AC127 *Output NPN

1 type AC132 *Output PNP

*Matched Pair

CRYSTAL DIODES, TYPE 0A91

1 Audio Detector

1 AVC Diode

SERVICING THE RECEIVER:

Normal servicing and alignment can be done with only the cabinet back removed from the front assembly. For removal, unscrew the two screws at the rear of the cabinet. This enables the front assembly to slide out, giving complete access to all components.

The printed circuit board can be serviced from both sides without disconnecting leads. Care should be taken, however, not to disturb the trimmers or leads associated with the R.F. section of the board.

LOUDSPEAKER:

7 x 4 inch Permanent Magnet—

V/C Impedance at 400 c/s, 30 ohms. Undistorted Power Output (approx.)— 320 mW.

CONTROLS:

Tuning Control: Top right side of cabinet.

On-Off Switch/Volume Control: Top left

side of cabinet.

Tone Control: Middle of the cabinet above the dial scale.

DIMENSIONS:

Height			$5\frac{3}{4}$	inches.
Width			10	inches
Depth			3-	inches
Weight	with	Battery		$5\frac{1}{4}$ lbs.

BATTERY REPLACEMENT:

Unscrew the two screws at the rear of the cabinet and slide the front assembly out. battery is to the left of the printed board (viewed from rear). Use care when replacing the battery and ensure that the trimmers or leads associated with the R.F. section of the board are not disturbed.

PRELIMINARY TESTS:

Regardless of what the stated complaint may be, the following overall conditions should be checked:

- (a) Condition of the battery (voltage with the set turned on).
- (b) Overall current drain with no signal input (should be 9 - 12 mA).
- (c) Sensitivity by listening test.
- (d) Distortion by listening test.

ALIGNMENT TABLE

Order of Operations	Connect High Side of Generator To	Tune Generator To	Tune Receiver To	Adjust for Maximum Peak Output			
1	R.F. Section of Gang	455 Kc/s	L.F. Limit	Core T7			
2	R.F. Section of Gang	$455~{ m Kc/s}$	L.F. Limit	Core T6			
3	R.F. Section of Gang	$455~{ m Kc/s}$	L.F. Limit	Core T5			
4	R.F. Section of Gang	$455~{ m Kc/s}$	L.F. Limit	Core T4			
	Repeat steps 1 - 4 until maximum output is obtained.*						
5	_		L.F. Limit	Pointer should lie on the Black line on the dial.			
6	Aerial Input**	$600\mathrm{Kc/s}$	Black Line at 600 Kc/s	Core Osc. Coil (T3) ***			
7	Aerial Input	$1500\mathrm{Kc/s}$	Black Line at 1500 Kc/s	Osc. Trimmer (VC5)			
	Repeat 6 and 7	·	·				
8	Aerial Input	$1500\mathrm{Kc/s}$	Black Line at 1500 Kc/s	Aerial Trimmer (VC1)			
9	Aerial Input	$1500\mathrm{Kc/s}$	Black Line at 1500 Kc/s	R.F. Trimmer (VC3)			
10	Aerial Input	$600~{ m Kc/s}$	Black Line at 600 Kc/s	Aerial Coil (T1) ****			
11	Aerial Input	$600\mathrm{Kc/s}$	Black Line at 600 Kc/s	Core R.F. Coil ****			
	Repeat steps 8 - 11						

- *These transformers are a very high Q miniature type. It should be appreciated then, that the amount of travel, for the tuning core to cover its tuning range, is much less than in normal I.F. transformers. Tuning the I.F. thus becomes more critical, and the following hints will prove useful.
 - (a) The tuning tool used should be a small metal screwdriver, whose tip fits cleanly into the tuning core.
 - (b) When turning the core, do not use any downward pressure, as the thread in the former has enough resilience to detune the I.F. when the pressure is removed.
 - (c) The thread in the former may be damaged if the core is wound in and forced against the printed board. This should never happen, as only a light torque is normally required to turn the tuning core.
- ** Use a resistor of 4.7K ohms in series with the generator for accurate alignment.
- *** Rock the tuning control back and forth through the signal and allow for a maximum of

1 pointer width error between the white line and $600~{\rm Kc/s}$ generator frequency for maximum output.

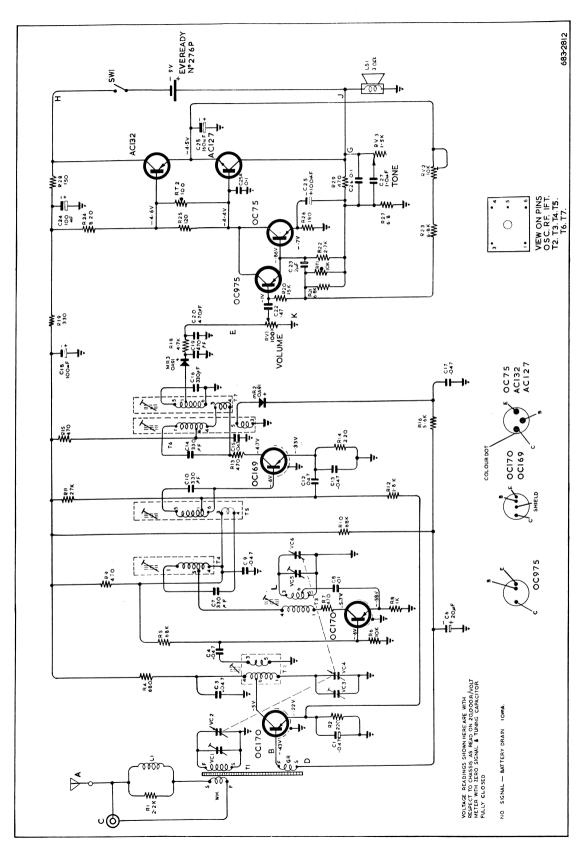
**** These coils have been pre-aligned in production and under normal conditions no adjustment is necessary. To find if these coils are aligned, place a piece of ferrite and then a piece of brass near the loopstick and into the top of the former of the R.F. coil. If the coils are properly aligned, the receiver's output will drop. If the output increases at any stage in this check, realignment of these coils is necessary.

NOTE:

During the course of production of these receivers, the Company reserves the right, without notice, to make any modifications or improvements in design which may be necessary to meet prevailing conditions.

Information concerning changes, which are likely to be of benefit to retailers and servicemen, will be notified, as far as possible, by issuing a Technical Data Sheet.

Any further service information may be obtained by addressing an inquiry to "The Service Division," E.M.I. (Australia) Limited, 575-577 Parramatta Road, Leichhardt (Tel. LM 0291).



COMPONENT PARTS LIST

RESISTORS

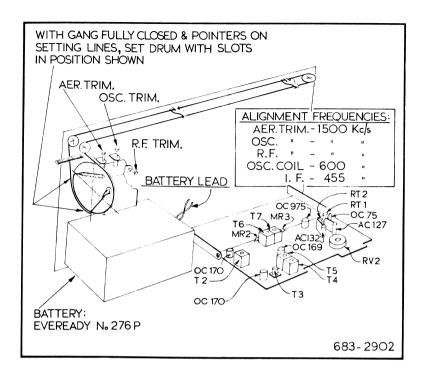
REF.	PART No.	DESCRIPTION	REF.	PART No.	DESCRIPTION
R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7 R8 R9 R10 R11 R12 R13 R14	742-0511 740-1012 740-1293 740-1222 740-0962 740-0012 740-1182 740-1012 740-1222 740-0992 740-1382 740-0012 740-1012 740-1012	2.2K ohms 1 watt with L1. 220 ohms \pm 5% $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt 680 ohms \pm 5% $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt Morganite 68K ohms \pm 5% $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt 10K ohms \pm 10% $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt 470 ohms \pm 10% $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt 470 ohms \pm 10% $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt 68K ohms \pm 5% $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt 27K ohms \pm 5% $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt 1.8K ohms \pm 5% $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt 1.8K ohms \pm 5% $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt 27K ohms \pm 5% $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt 20 ohms \pm 10% $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt 470 ohms \pm 10% $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt 470 ohms \pm 10% $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt 470 ohms \pm 10% $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt	R16 R17 R18 R19 R20 R21 R22 R23 R24 R25 R26 R27 R27	740-1372 740-0072 740-0922 740-0982 740-0382 740-0412 740-0412 740-1412 740-1243 740-1223 740-0273	5.6K ohms ± 5% ½ Watt 4.7K ohms ± 10% ½ Watt 330 ohms ± 10% ½ Watt 15K ohms ± 10% ½ Watt 6.8K ohms ± 10% ½ Watt 2.7K ohms ± 10% ½ Watt Morganite 6.8K ohms ± 10% ½ Watt 20 ohms ± 10% ½ Watt 120 ohms ± 5% ½ Watt 180 ohms ± 10% ½ Watt 180 ohms ± 10% ½ Watt 6.8 ohms ± 10% ½ Watt Morganite 6.9 ohms ± 10% ½ Watt Morganite 150 ohms ± 10% ½ Watt Morganite 170 ohms ± 10% ½ Watt

CAPACITORS

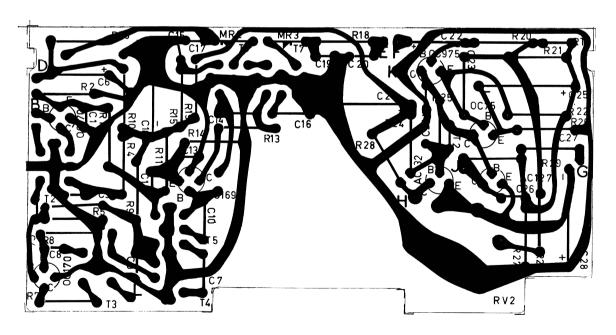
REF.	PART No.	DESCRIPTION	REF.	PART No.	DESCRIPTION
C1	271-0731	.047 uF 25V. Redcap Ceramic	C17	271-0731	.047 uF 25V. Redcap Ceramic
C2			C18	269-0691	100 uF 12 V.W. Electrolytic
C3	271-0731	.047 uF 25V. Redcap Ceramic	C19	271-0841	$470~\mathrm{pF}\pm20\%$ Hi-K Style A
C4	271-0731	.047 uF 25V. Redcap Ceramic			Ceramic Disc
C5			C20	271-0841	$470~\mathrm{pF}\pm20\%$ Hi-K Style A
C6	269-0811	20 uF 6.4V. Electrolytic	1		Ceramic Disc
C7	280-3081	330 pF \pm 5% 125V. Styroseal	C21		
C8	271-0741	.01 uF 25V. Redcap Ceramic	C22	271-0871	.47 uF + 80% - 20% Redcap
C9	271-0731	.047 uF 25V. Redcap Ceramic	1		Ceramic
C10	280-3081	330 pF \pm 5% 125V. Styroseal	C23	269-0841	2 uF 3V. Non-polarised Electrolytic
C11			C24	269-0691	100 uF 12 V.W. Electrolytic
C12	271-0731	.047 uF 25V. Redcap Ceramic	C25	269-0541	100 uF 3 V.W. Electrolytic
C13	271-0731	.047 uF 25V. Redcap Ceramic	C25a	271-0761	0.1 uF 25 V.W. Redcap Ceramic
C14	280-3081	330 pF \pm 5% 125V. Styroseal	C26	271-0761	0.1 uF 25 V.W. Redcap Ceramic
C15	271-0731	.047 uF 25V. Redcap Ceramic	C27	271-0831	1.0 uF +80% -20% 1V. Ceramic
C16	280-3081	330 pF \pm 5% 125V. Styroseal	C28	269-0831	160 uF 10V. AM/D160 Electrolytic

MISCELLANEOUS

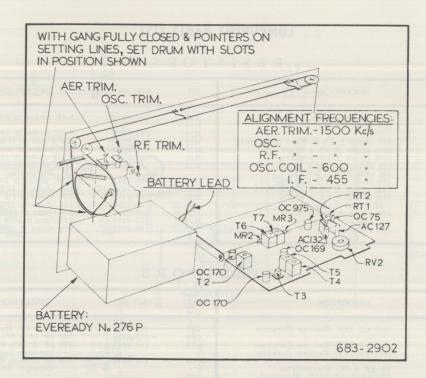
REF.	PART No.	DESCRIPTION	REF.	PART No.	DESCRIPTION
RV1)) S1) RV2 RV3 RT1 RT2 VC2) VC4) VC5 L1 T1 T2 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7	677-1071 677-1131 677-1081 752-0091 752-0081 281-0272 281-0031 281-0031 281-0031 259-0712 253-0283 255-0052 267-0224 906-0481 906-0501 906-0511	100K ohms ± 30% Curve 'A' Potentiometer with SPST Switch 10K ohms curve 'A' Potentiometer IRC type E.C. for printed circuits or Ducon with No. 4 terminal 1.5K ohms ± 30% Curve 'AC' potentiometer 10K ohms ± 20% CZ10 Thermistor 100 ohms ± 10% Ducon Thermistor 3-Gang Variable Capacitor MSP (Special) Trimmer Capacitor—Philips Trimmer Capacitor—Philips Trimmer Capacitor—Philips Aerial Loading Coil (on R1) Aerial Rod Assembly R.F. Coil (White and grey dots) M/W Oscillator Coil (Black dot) 1st I.F. Transformer (Red and grey dots) 2nd I.F. Transformer (Orange and grey dots) 3rd I.F. Transformer (Green and grey dots) 4th I.F. Transformer (Yellow and grey dots)	LS1 MR1 MR2 MR3	831-1551 932-2071 932-2071 932-1681 932-1681 932-1961 932-1311 932-1971 132-0091 132-0081 297-0101 381-0171 517-1981 517-1981 517-1991 526-4831 671-0651 754-0201 754-0211 794-1381 814-1211 824-0961 837-1651 837-1651	4in. x 7in. Loudspeaker 30 ohms V.C. Impedance E.M.I. OA91 Diode—AVC OA91 Diode—Audio Detector Transistor OC170—R.F. Amplifier Transistor OC170—Converter Transistor OC75—A.F. Amplifier Transistor OC75—Audio Driver Transistor OC75—Audio Driver Transistor OC75—Audio Driver Transistors AC132/AC127 Matched Pair—Audio Output Printed Circuit Board Printed Circuit Board Assembly Dial Cord (Black) Dial Drum Assembly Volume and Tuning Knobs Tone Control Knob Aerial Lead Assembly Pointer Aerial Rod Bracket—Left-hand Aerial Rod Bracket—Right-hand Clear Dial Scale Printed Dial Scale Cabinet Back Fixing Screw Aerial Socket Spindle Assembly Dial Drive Spring



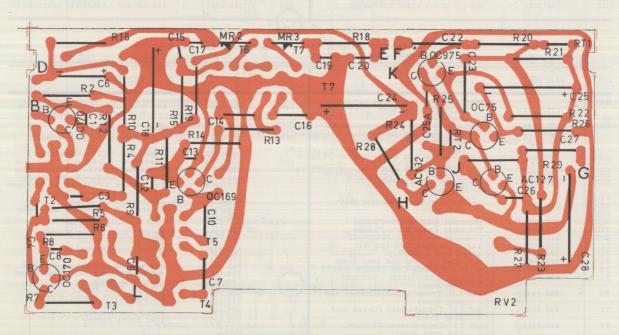
TRANSISTOR LOCATION AND DIAL CORD DIAGRAM.



COMPONENT LAYOUT — J8



TRANSISTOR LOCATION AND DIAL CORD DIAGRAM.



COMPONENT LAYOUT — J8

H. CLARK PTY. LTD. PRINTERS CAMPERDOWN, N.S.W.

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