

RECORDERS

EL3302/00/12D/20D/22D/29D



List of electrical parts

THE CT CLOCKET PROTECT			
TS1, TS2, TS3, TS7	AC125	C2, C7, C13, C19	C 420 AN/A40
TS4, TS5	AC126	C22, C23, C26	4822 069 00578
TS6a/TS6b	AC128/AC127	C16	4822 069 01101
TS8	AC127	C11	4822 069 01104
TS9	AC128	C20, C27, C28, C29	4822 069 01105
ant and and	D4114	C14	4822 069 01096
GR1, GR2, GR3	BA114	€25	4822 124 20196
Loudspeaker	4822 240 30033	R51, R52	4822 071 00677
C1, C3, C5, C6, C12, C17, C21	909/W2,5	R53	4822 071 00837
C4, C8, C18	909/A25	R40	4822 071 00587
C10	909/Z0,64	R54	4822 071 00954
C15	909/U200	Switch SK4	4822 277 30307
C24	909/U400		
C9	904/P330E	S3	4822 157 50013
C31	904/P220E	S1, S2	4822 107 00322

Electrical measurements

New batteries should be used to power the apparatus

Playback sensitivity

- . Replace the loudspeaker by a resistor of 8 Ω .
- . Set the volume control to maximum.
- Supply a signal of 1000 c/s to the measuring point (point 6 ob BU2) via a resistor of 22 k $\!\Omega_{\rm c}$
- . Adjust the input voltage, so that a voltage of 630 mV is measured across the resistor of 8 $\Omega.$
- . The input voltage should then be 40 mV \pm 2 dB.
- The voltage on the line (point 3 of BU1) should then be 50 mV \pm 2 dB.

Recording sensitivity

- . Supply a signal of 1000 c/s to point 1 of BU1 via a resistor of 1M5.
- . Connect valve a voltmeter to the measuring point (point 6 of BU2).
- . Set the volume control to maximum.
- . Adjust the input voltage so that $4\ mV$ is measured on the measuring point.
- . The input voltage should then be 120 mV $\underline{+}$ 2 dB.

Indication meter

- . New batteries should be used to power the $\ensuremath{\mathtt{apparatus}}$.
- . Switch the apparatus into position "playback".
- . The pointer of the indication meter must be deflect in the right-hand part of the green sector.

Premagnetizing current

This current must be adjusted so that the voltage at the measuring point (point 6 of BU2) amounts to 10-25 V. This can be adjusted with potentiometer R53.

STEP SENSITIVITIES

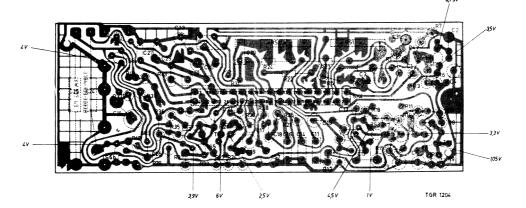
Supply a signal of 1000 c/s - 40 mV to point 1 of BU1 via a resistor of 1M5. The following voltages should then be measured on the various points:

	TS1	TS2	TS3	TS4	TS5
Collector	0.028 mV	2 mV	54 mV	_	800 mV
Emitter	_	_	_	30 mV	_

Recording

Supply a signal of 1000 c/s - 125 mV to point 1 of BU1 via a resistor of 1M5. The following voltages should then be measured on the various points:

	TS1	TS2	TS3	TS4
Collector	3.4 mV	14 mV	320 mV	-
Emitter	-	-	-	300 mV
Paga	0 15 mV	_	_	_



P2-1PHILIPS MODEL EL3302

LIST OF MECHANICAL PARTS

Item	Code number	Description
1	999/2x5	Cheese head screw, 2x5 mm
2	988/2	Washer, 2 mm
3	999/2x8	Cheese head screw, 2x8 mm
4	987/3	Spring washer, 2 mm
5	999/2x12	Cheese head screw, 2x12 mm
6	985/1,9	Locking ring, 3 mm
7	986/3	Spring washer, 3 mm
8	985/3	Locking ring
25	4822 249 40039	Erase head
26	4822 249 10032	Recording/playback head
28	4822 175 00955	Compression spring under recording/playback head
29	4822 175 00956	Leaf spring under recording knob
30	4822 175 00961	Stopping spring
31	4822 175 00962	Stopping roller assy
35	4822 520 40005	Ball
36	4822 163 00922	Switch lever
37	4822 175 00965	Wire spring of control bracket
38	4822 175 00947	Leaf spring of meter
39	TD 300 49	Ring
40	4822 528 90081	Roller
41	4822 403 50412	Lever assy
43	4822 492 60912	Wire spring under lever
44	4822 175 01252	Winding roller lever assy
45	4822 175 00967	Pulley assy
46	4822 175 00968	Ring under pulley
47	4822 358 30077	Belt
48	4822 175 00944	Wire spring of brake bracket
49	4822 175 01251	Spring
50	4822 175 00945	Tension spring on brake bracket
51	4822 163 00918	Cover over turn-table
52	4822 175 00943	Brake bracket assy
53	4822 175 00957	Pinch-roller lever assy
54	4822 175 00964	Turntable assy
55	4822 175 00958	Spring on pinch roller lever
56	4822 175 00986	Ring for brake bracket

Working of the transistor driven motor

For clarity, the circuit diagram is shown in a simplified form in Fig. 12. Assume that the voltages increase; as a result the base of TS8 becomes less positive with respect to the emitter since diode D keeps the potential of the emitter constant. Consequently, transistor TS8 becomes less conductive and, as a result, the collector current and the base current of TS9 decrease.

The result is that the motor current decreases. The motor current then decreases until the desired value is reached again. In case of a voltage decrease, the base of TS8 will become more positive with respect to the emitter and TS8 will become more conductive with the result that the base current of TS9 will increase and consequently the motor current increases. The circuit shown in Fig. 12, however, only controls the voltage variations and not the deviations produced by load variations of the motor.

When the motor load increases, the motor current also increases and as a result the voltage drop across the motor also.

When the voltage across the motor does not increase, the counter electromotive force will diminish, so that the r.p.m. will be less.

To counteract this, the voltage across the motor will have to increase depending on the load of the motor. This is obtained by adding a resistor, see Fig. 13. When the motor load increases, the current through the resistor will increase and consequently the voltage drop also.

As a result the base of TS8 will become more positive with respect to the emitter. TS8 will therefore become more conductive and TS9 also as a consequence, as described above, with the result that the voltage across the motor increases.

The value of the resistor should be selected so that the voltage across the motor is about 0.5 V lower than the available battery voltage.

Item	Code number	Description
57	4822 492 60926	Leaf spring for cassette
	4822 175 00981	Set of battery springs
60	4822 175 00974	Wire spring
62	4822 175 01514	Switch SK1
63	4822 175 00951	Winding pulley assy
64	4822 175 01055	Ring
65	4822 358 30076	Drive belt
66	4822 175 00971	Flywheel assy
67	4822 175 00972	Flywheel bearing bracket
68	4822 194 00239	Motor assy
	4822 194 00257	Motor print assy

Pressure plug

Terminal plate assy

Contact spring of 5 - and 6-pole plugs

Battery spring interconnection

Contact spring of SK2 and SK3

Contact spring of SK2 and SK3

Leaf spring under starting button

Spindle

Spring

Bracket

List of Cabinet parts

4822 163 00919

4822 175 00977

4822 175 01203

4822 175 01202

4822 267 20073

4822 268 20032

4822 492 60925

4822 268 20033

4822 268 20034

4822 492 60927

69

70

73

74

95

93

94

91

<u>Item</u>	Code number	Description
75	4822 459 20094	Ornamental grille assy
76	4822 175 01359	Dust plate
77	4822 443 30101	Cabinet assy
78	4822 175 01361	Silver foil
79	4822 443 60195	Flap
80	4822 175 00935	Indicator
81	4822 410 10012	Starting knob
82	4822 410 10011	Recording knob
83	4822 443 60194	Battery cover
84	4822 068 00668	Screw
85	4822 443 60193	Bottom plate
88	4822 412 20008	Knob assy
89	4822 443 60192	Cover for heads
	4822 600 70014	Everready case
	4822 163 00921	Rubbering round motor

Lubrication instructions

Shell Alvania 2 (A9 881 22/P50)

Ball 35.

Grooves and extrusions in slide 300.

Shell Tellus 33 (4822 077 00104

Shaft 305 of turntable 54

Shaft of roller 40

Shaft of flywheel 66

Hub and bearing of winding friction 63

Hub and shaft of pulley 45

Technical Data

Tape speed		: 4.75 cm/sec. (1 ⁷ /8 "/sec							
Supply voltage	е	: 7.5 V (5 x 1.5 V)							
Output power		: 400 mW							
Loudspeaker		: 4822 240 30033							
Microphone		: EL 3797/50							
Headphone		: EL 3775/85							
Dimensions		: 200 x 115 x 55 mm							
Weight		: 1.1 kg							
Input sensitiv	ity	: 0, 2 mV across 2 $k\Omega$							
Maximum cur unloaded	rrent,	: approx. 110 mA							
Maximum cur at 400 mW	rrent	: approx. 200 mA							
Frequency ra	nge	: 8010,000 c/s <u>+</u> 6 dB							
Cassette with	tape	: EL 1903							
Number of tra	acks	: 2							
Track width		: 1.5 mm							
Transistors	TS1 TS2 TS3 TS4 TS5 TS6a.	: AC125 : AC125 : AC125 : AC126 : AC126							
	TS6b TS7	: AC128AC127 : AC125							

HINTS FOR REPAIR

Taking the apparatus out of the case

TS8

TS9

- . Remove the tape cassette.
- . Remove the control knob 81 from the apparatus

: AC127

: AC128

- . Loosen the battery cover 83.
- Remove the batteries
- . Loosen screw 86 of the bottom plate 85.
- . Remove the bottom plate 85.
- . Loosen the three screws 84 by means of which the mounting plate is fitted.
- . Loosen the screw between the two turntables.
- . Take the apparatus out of the case.
- . Encasing the done in the reverse order.

Replacement of the drive belt 65

- . Loosen the three screws by means of which the lower bearing bracket of the flywheel is fitted to the mounting plate, see Fig. 1.
- . Remove this bearing bracket 67.
- . Loosen the screw by means of which the bottom plate 304 of the motor is fitted to the screening bush.
- . Remove the bottom plate.
- . The drive belt can now be removed.
- . Mounting is done in the reverse order.

When fitting the lower bearing bracket 67 of the flywheel, make sure that the cord groove of the flywheel 66 and that of the winding friction 63 are aligned. The height of the flywheel can be adjusted as shown in Fig. 1, by means of a screwdriver via the triangular opening in bearing bracket 67.

Replacement of flywheel and winding friction 63

- . Loosen the three screws by means of which the lower bearing bracket of the flywheel is fitted to the mounting plate. See Fig. 1.
- . Remove this bearing bracket.
- . Remove the motor print.
- . Release the drive belt at the side of the flywheel.
- . Remove the nylon clamping ring from the bracket of the winding friction 63.
- . The flywheel and the winding friction must now be simultaneously removed.
- . Mounting is done in the reverse order.

Note: When mounting make sure that the lip of the winding friction bracket engages the hook of the wire spring 60.

After the flywheel bearing has been fitted, the cord groove of the flywheel and that of the winding friction must be aligned.

The height of the flywheel can be adjusted as shown in Fig. 1 by means of a screwdriver via the triangular opening in bearing bracket 67.

Replacement of the motor

- . Loosen the screw by means of which the bottom plate of the motor is fitted to the screening bush.
- . Remove the bottom plate.
- . The motor can now be taken out of the screening bush.
- . Unsolder the connection wires of the motor from the antiinterference coils S1 and S2.
- . Mounting is done in the reverse order.

Replacement of the winding roller lever 44

- . Remove the nylon clamping ring 64 from the winding roller lever 44.
- The lever can be removed from the shaft when the idler wheel is pushed slightly backwards.

Replacement of turntables 54

- . Loosen the cap 51 of the turntable.
- . After this the turntable can be directly removed.

MECHANICAL ADJUSTMENTS

Recording/playback head

The air gap of the recording/playback head can be adjusted as follows

- . Remove the cover over the heads (item 89) This cover can be removed by pressing it to the left.
- . Place a cassette with a test tape of 5000 c/s (code number 4822 218 00199) into the apparatus.
- . Switch the apparatus to position "playback".
- . Connect a valve voltmeter to the points 2 and 3 of BU1.
- . Adjust for maximum output voltage with screw A (Fig. 4).
- . After the adjustment, seal the screw with cellulose lacquer.

Pressure roller lever

- . Switch the apparatus into position "playback".
- . The force needed for pulling the pressure roller clear of the capstan, must be between 170 + 20 gr. see Fig. 3.
- . This force can be adjusted by slightly repositioning the torsion spring.

It may occur that the tape in the cartridge is not wound up or in a jerky way. The tape, being transported by the capstan, will be damaged or the drive will become blocked. This fault may be caused by.

- a. The winding friction of the right-hand turntable being too small.
- b. Too much friction in the cartridge.

In order to ascertain which fault is causing this trouble, first of all the torque of the winding friction should be measured. This ought to be done

Open the side of the cartridge in such a way that the tape can come out free from the cartridge. Take care that on the tape reel, on the side of the opening, enough tape is wound so that the diameter of the tape reel is 2 cm. Make a knot in the tape, that is coming out of the side of the cartridge. In this knot a spring-pressure gauge can be hooked. Put the cartridge onto the recorder, the opening being on the right.

Switch the set into the position "playback". Move the spring-pressure gauge in the direction in which the tape is pulling and slowly decrease this movement until the tape comes to a stand-still. Precisely at the moment the tape stops, a tensile force of 12-22 grs should be indicated.

It is stressed that pulling in the opposite direction must definitely be avoided as this will cause a considerable increase in the tensile force.

Should the force be within the mentioned value the

fault is due to the cartridge.

A simpler method of checking the winding friction is to measure the current drain of the recorder. This can be done in the following way:

Connect a milliammeter in series to the power supply. For this purpose use a plus, code number 978/6, with two wires soldered to pins 1 and 5. Put the plug in BU2 and connect the meter to the wires.

Instead of using the batteries of the apparatus, it is better to employ a stabilised external power supply, e.g. 800/BEX.

Then, an mA-meter should be connected in series with the negative lead. Switch the set to position "playback" with the volume

control turned right down. Measure the total current drain.

Stop de right-hand turntable by hand and observe the increase in the current drain. This increase should be

7-14 mA. With a value smaller than 7 mA the winding friction. item 63, is out of order and should be replaced. With a correct value of 7-14 mA the winding friction

is correct, but still the torque of the winding friction, on the right-hand turntable, may be too small due to too high a pressure force of the pulley of the winding friction against the turntable.

Repair:

In the case of insufficient torque of the winding friction first, the pressure force of the pulley against the right-hand turntable should be measured, as indicated in Fig. 3.

Too high a pressure force will considerably decrease the torque of the winding friction (120-150 gr.). If after adjustment of the pressure force the torque of the winding friction still is not correct, the winding friction. item 63, should be replaced. After replacement this friction should be checked again.

Winding friction

- . Switch the apparatus into position "playback".
- . The pressure of the pulley of the friction against the right-hand turntable must be 85 + 159 gr., see Fig. 3.
- This pressure can be adjusted by bending the wire spring under the winding friction lever.

Adjusting the winding roller lever, see Fig. 2.

Switch the apparatus to playback position. Tag C should then just clear the cam on the pulley lever. The capstan idler wheel should be at a distance of 1-2 mm from the fly-wheel. This can be adjusted by bending tag A. Spring D should just clear tag B. Adjust by bending tag B.

Brake bracket

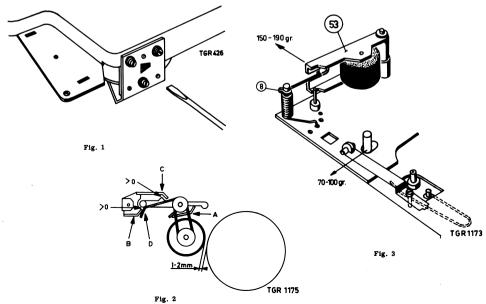
In position "playback" or "recording" the brake bracket must be positioned against the two stop pins on the mounting plate and must moreover have a clearance of at least 0.3 mm with respect to the turntables.

Checking the tape speed 1

The tape speed is checked with the aid of testtape 4822 218 00199 onto which a 400-c/s signal has been modulated every 4.75 metres.

Insert the cassette with testtape into the apparatus. Switch to position "playback".

The period of time between two 400-c/s signals should be between 95 and 103 seconds. This can be adjusted with R54. Fig. 7.



PHILIPS MODEL EL3302

P2-2.

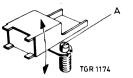


Fig. 4

Speed check 2

Since it is not possible in this way to check the speed with the standard test tape, the following method should be applied.

One of the sides of a cassette is removed. This can be done easily with the aid of a knife and All burrs should be removed from the opening. The tape can be pulled outside through this opening.

Completely remove the apparatus from the cabinet and insert the cassette.

Position a stroboscope disc (code number A9 407 30/50 for 50 c/s and A9 407 30/60 for 60 c/s next to the apparatus and lead the tape pas this disc, see Fig. 5. The speed can then be adjusted by turning R54 with the aid of a small screwdriver.

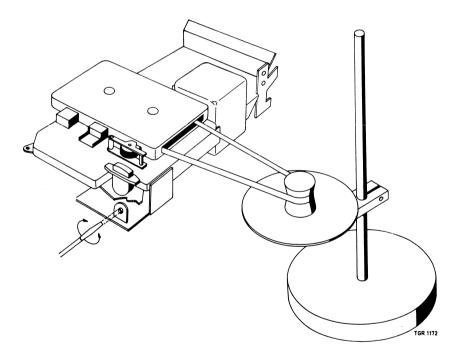
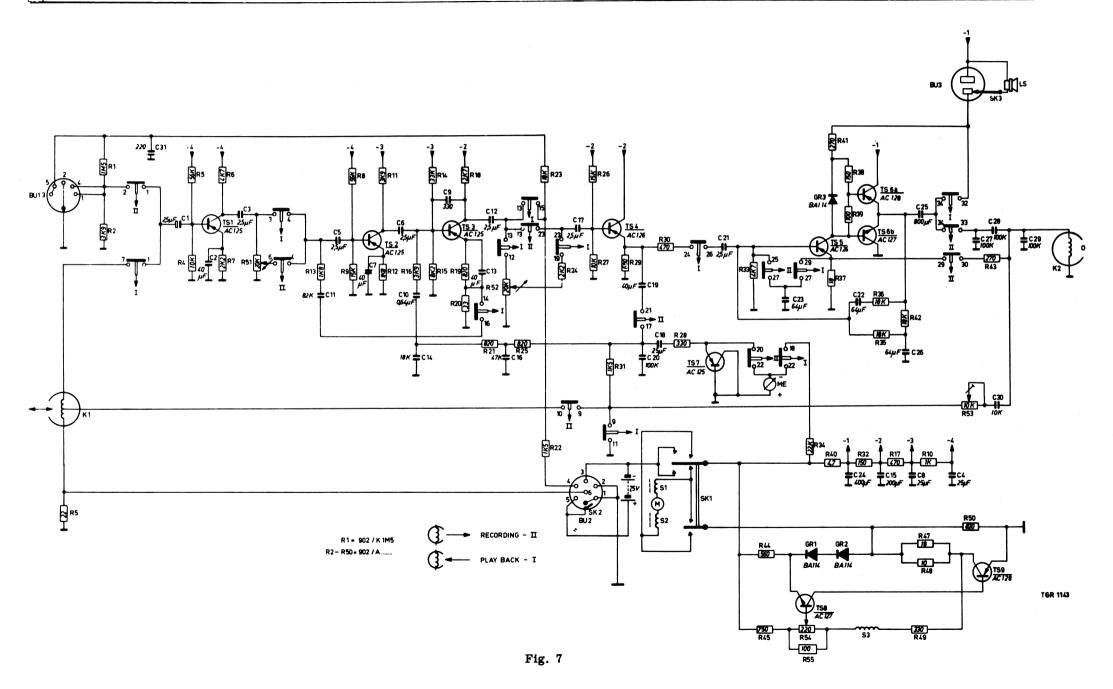


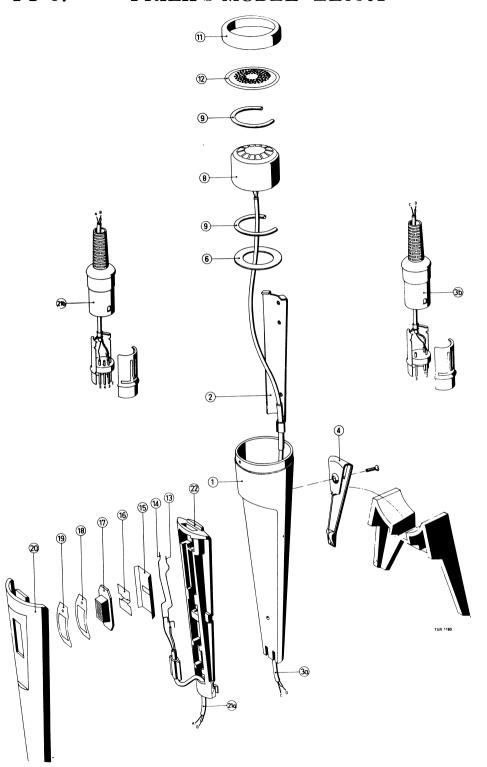
Fig. 5

P2-3. PHILIPS MODEL EL3302 83 **75** 25)-26)--(77) **78** 28 (29) (30) (31) 85 **-**79 -88 81 36 37 38 39 40 0 50 TGR 870

R	5	12		3 4	6 7	51	13		8 9	11 12	16	14 15	18 19 20 21 52 2	5 23 2	2 24	26 27 31	29	30	28		33 44 45	54 55 34 40 41 37 38 39 32	16 35 17 4	2 10 47 48 49	53 50 43	
С			31	1	2	3	11	5	7	-6	10 14	9	13 12 16		17		20	19 18		21	23	24 22	15	8 26 25 4	27 28	30 29



P2-5. PHILIPS MODEL EL3302



EL 3797/50

The EL 3797/50 is an electro-dynamic microphone which consists of microphone EL 3795/50 and remote control unit 3922 236 0021. The complete remote control unit can be delivered under code number EL 3798/50.

Sensitivity: at 1000 c/s the sensitivity is 0.19 mV/ μ bar.

Impedance: at 1000 c/s the impedance is 500 Ω .

List of Parts for the microphone

List of Parts for the microphone

Item	Code number	Description	<u>Item</u>	Code number	Description
1	4822 447 10099	Housing	13	4822 169 00531	Spring
2	4822 169 00519	Bracket	14	4822 169 00532	Spring
3a.	4822 219 00131	Flex	15	4822 169 00526	Plate
3b	978/3x180	Plug, 3-pole	16	4822 169 00529	Contact spring
4	4822 169 00534	Clip	17	4822 169 00525	Switching knob
6	4822 169 00524	Spring-mounted cover	18	4822 169 00528	Spring
8	EL 6091/10	Capsule	19	4822 169 00527	Plate
9	4822 169 00536	Hose	20	4822 447 10097	Cover
11	4822 447 10101	Cover	21a	4822 219 00131	Flex
12	4822 432 20007	Edge	21b	978/5x270	Plug, 5-pole
		-	22	4822 447 10098	Frame
				4899 489 10079	Stand for microphone

