TECHNICAL INFORMATION AND SERVICE DATA



A.W.A. RADIOLA TELEVISION RECEIVER CHASSIS 42-00 SERIES

ISSUED BY AMALGAMATED WIRELESS (AUSTRALASIA) LTD.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The 42-00 series chassis is a 16-valve, vertically mounted, mains-operated, hand-wired chassis using the easily serviced hinge-down construction. It features a 14-channel neutrode turret tuner, a 3-stage video I.F., quadrature detector, stabilised horizontal and vertical scanning, and a slow warm-up audio stage to reduce sound buzz.

ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCIES
Video I.F. Carrier Frequency 36.875 Mc/s
Sound I.F. Carrier Frequency 31.375 Mc/s
POWER CONSUMPTION 170 watts maximum
UNDISTORTED AUDIO POWER OUTPUT 2 watts
FOCUS Electrostatic (Low Voltage)
DEFLECTION

TUNER TYPE . . TB Series (Refer Tuner Service Manual

for Electrical Specifications and

Alignment Procedure.)

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCIES

VALVE AND DIODE COMPLEMENT

1.	V1	Radiotron	6GK5 R.F. Amplifier
2.	V2	Radiotron	6HG8 R.F. Osc. and Mixer
3.	V101	Radiotron	6CS6 Quadrature Detector
4.	V102	Radiotron	6HG5 Audio Output
5.	V201	Radiotron	6BZ6 1st Video I.F.
6.	V202	Radiotron	6CB6 2nd Video I.F.
7.	V203	Radiotron	6CB6 3rd Video I.F.
8.	V204	Radiotron	6EB8 Video Amp. and Sync. Sep.
9.	V205	Radiotron	23GSP4 or 25TP4 Picture Tube
10.	V301	Radiotron	6CB6 A.G.C. Amplifier
11	V302	Radiotron	6GV8 Vert. Osc. and Output
12.	V401	Radiotron	6AL5 Phase Discriminator
13.	V402	Radiotron	12AU7A Horizontal Oscillator
14.	V403	Radiotron	6CM5 Horizontal Output
15.	V404	Radiotron	6AU4GTA Damper
16.	V405	Radiotron	1B3-GT H.V. Rectifier
	MR20	1 IN87A .	Video Detector
	MR20	2 IN3193	Spot Suppressor
	MR40	1 IN3194	Rectifier
	MR40	2 IN3194	Rectifier

HIGH VOLTAGE WARNING

Operation of this receiver outside the cabinet involves a shock hazard from the receiver power supplies. Work on the receiver should not be attempted by anyone who is not thoroughly familiar with the precautions necessary when working on high voltage equipment. Do not operate the receiver with the high voltage compartment shield removed. Make sure that the earth strap between the chassis and the picture tube assembly is securely fastened before turning the receiver on.

PICTURE TUBE HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

Do not install, remove or handle the picture tube in any manner unless shatter-proof goggles are worn. Keep the picture tube away from the body while handling.

When the receiver is switched off after operating for a time, the picture tube will retain a certain charge. Therefore it is advisable to discharge it before handling.

DEFLECTION YOKE ADJUSTMENT

If the lines of the raster are not horizontal or squared with the picture tube, rotate the deflection yoke until this condition is obtained. Tighten the yoke clamp.

FOCUS ADJUSTMENT

This adjustment has been made at the factory and it should only be necessary to re-adjust if the picture tube is replaced. In this case, adjust the focus control, RV403, until maximum definition of the line structure of the raster is obtained.

HORIZONTAL OSCILLATOR ADJUSTMENT

The adjustment of the horizontal oscillator is not considered to be part of the alignment procedure. The adjustment is made at the factory and should not require re-adjustment in the field. However, the adjustment should be carried out whenever components in the horizontal oscillator circuit are changed. The width should be correctly set before adjustments are carried out.

The horizontal oscillator may be adjusted by the following method.

- Short-circuit the sine wave coil (L401) and earth pin 2 of V204 (6EB8) sync. separator.
- Adjust the horizontal hold control (RV401) until the picture is synchronised with the signal, i.e., picture sides are straight.
- 3. Remove the short circuit from the sine wave coil.
- Adjust the core of the sine wave coil until the picture is synchronised with the signal.
- 5. Remove the short circuit from pin 2 of V204.

CENTRING ADJUSTMENT

As the majority of test patterns transmitted contain horizontal and vertical bars, the correct procedure for centring adjustment, horizontally or vertically, is that the corresponding bars progressing outwards from the centre should have the same amount of pin-cushion distortion (if any).

The centring magnets are in the form of two discs mounted on the rear of the deflection yoke cap. When the magnets are rotated around the tube neck so that the levers are opposite, minimum centring effect with either lever is produced. To obtain correct centring of the picture, the magnets are alternatively rotated with respect to each other.

CAUTION

Under no circumstances should the receiver be switched on with the deflection yoke removed from the picture tube. This produces an undeflected spot which may damage the screen.

WIDTH AND HORIZONTAL LINEARITY ADJUSTMENTS

The width and horizontal linearity controls, RV402 and L403, in conjunction with the vertical adjustments, are adjusted to produce best linearity for a picture of the correct aspect ratio with normal picture brightness.

HEIGHT AND VERTICAL LINEARITY ADJUSTMENTS

Adjust the height control, RV304, for a picture of approximately $\frac{3}{4}$ of the normal size.

Adjust the vertical linearity control, RV306, to give a small amount of cramp at the top of the picture.

Adjust the height and top linearity controls, RV304 and RV305, to obtain a picture of normal height (approximately $\frac{1}{2}$ " of picture extending beyond the top and bottom of the picture tube mask).

Finally, adjust the height, top linearity and vertical linearity controls for best linearity and correct height.

A.G.C. ADJUSTMENT

The following adjustments can only be performed after all other receiver adjustments have been satisfactorily carried out.

Set the contrast and I.F. A.G.C. controls, RV201 and RV301, to their mid positions.

With the receiver tuned to a medium strength signal (about 1 mV or suitable attenuated signal) make the following adjustment.

With a picture of normal brightness and contrast, adjust the I.F. A.G.C. control for snow threshold.

Note: Clockwise rotation of the I.F. A.G.C. control increases

REPLACEMENT OF FUSES

Two 1.5 Amp. fuses are provided for mains and H.T. protection. Their location and function are indicated on the layout diagram.

CHASSIS REMOVAL

The method of mounting used on this chassis adds to its ease of servicing. Two wing nuts secure the top of the chassis to the cabinet, while the chassis base rests in special hinge brackets.

When access is required to the wiring side of the chassis, loosen the wing nuts and swing the chassis down to its horizontal rest. This can be done without interfering with the receiver operation.

Caution: Before and during the swing-down operation, make sure that the picture tube and yoke leads do not foul on the picture tube neck or chassis components.

Should the complete chassis need removing, only the following additional steps are necessary.

Remove the tuner and control panel assembly from the cabinet and attach it to the chassis (a retaining screw and anchor point are provided along the I.F. side of the chassis for this purpose).

Unplug the yoke, picture tube socket, audio and ultor leads and disconnect the tuner earth strap.

If the cabinet is fitted with castors, remove the rear ones.
Lift the chassis to a position slightly above the horizontal and slide the assembly from its hinge brackets.

Re-assembly is the reverse of the above procedure.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

TESTING INSTRUMENTS

To properly service the television receiver, it is recommended that the following test equipment be available:

- 1. A.W.A. Television Sweep Generator, type A56036.
- 2. A.W.A. Cathode Ray Oscilloscope (c.r.o.) type A56031.
- 3. 5.5 Mc/s F.M. Generator such as Advance SG63E.
- 4. A.W.A. Voltohmyst, type 2A56074.
- 5. A.W.A. Voltohmyst Probe, type 2R56075.
- 6. A.W.A. Television Calibrator, type A56057.

SOUND AND VIDEO I.F. ALIGNMENT

Note: When two positions of the core appear to give the correct adjustment, the following apply:

*Coil tuned with core close to chassis.

 $^{\dagger}\text{Coil}$ tuned with core close to can top, i.e., remote from chassis.

SOUND I.F. ALIGNMENT

Connect an f.m. signal generator to the video detector test point and set the frequency accurately to 5.5 Mc/s (signal level approximately 200 mV).

Connect the Voltohmyst crystal probe to the video output test point and set the range switch to 5 Volts D.C.

Set contrast at maximum.

Adjust L206* (5.5 Mc/s trap) for minimum reading on the Voltohmyst.

Connect the c.r.o. to the sound test point.

Switch the f.m. modulation of the signal generator to \pm 50 Kc/s deviation and the modulating frequency 400 to 1000 c/s.

Connect a 2.7K ohms 10% carbon resistor in series with the signal generator.

With a signal strength of approximately 50-200 mV, adjust the core of L101 * for maximum amplitude and symmetrical sinusoidal wave.

Progressively reduce the signal and adjust TR202, bottom core*, for maximum output and top core† for symmetrical break-out as shown in fig. 1. Break-out is shown on viewed audio as equal symmetrical distortion (noise) on both positive and negative tips of the wave form.

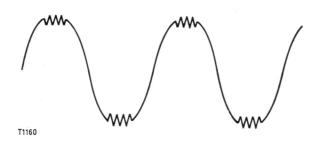


Fig. 1

VIDEO I.F. ALIGNMENT

Short-circuit the junction of R303 and R304 to earth.

Connect a source of -6V bias to the junction of R201 and C201.

With the tuner on the blank channel, connect the sweep generator (30-39 Mc/s sweep, correctly terminated) to the mixer grid of the tuner through the network shown in fig. 2.

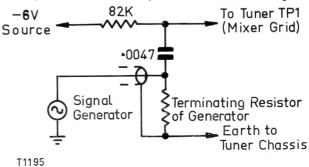
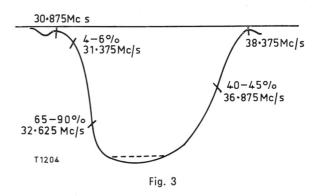


Fig. 2

Connect the c.r.o. through a 47K ohms resistor to the video detector test point and set its range to 3V p-p.

Loose couple the marker generator to the active lead of the sweep generator whose output is set to give 3V p-p on the c.r.o.

Carry out the following adjustments to produce the response curve shown in fig. 3.



TR201 bottom core* for maximum amplitude at 32.625 Mc/s.

TR202 bottom core* for maximum amplitude at 36.875 Mc/s and then turn the core approximately $\frac{1}{2}$ turn in a clockwise direction.

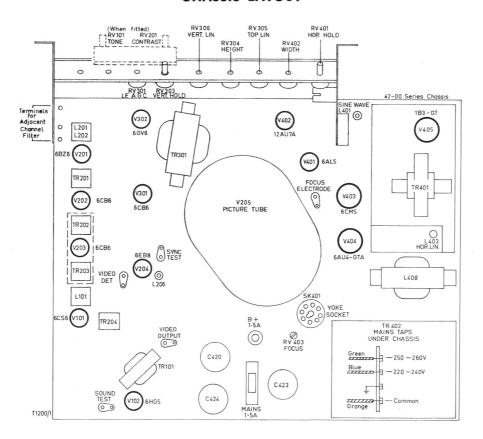
TR202 top core† for maximum attenuation at 30.875 Mc/s. L201 top core† for maximum attenuation at 38.375 Mc/s. TR203* to correct tilt.

L202* to correct trough.

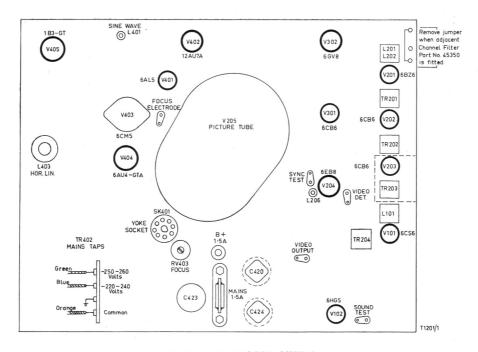
L2* to set 36.875 Mc/s at 45%.

Note: Both L2 and TR202 affect the 36.875~Mc/s marker position.

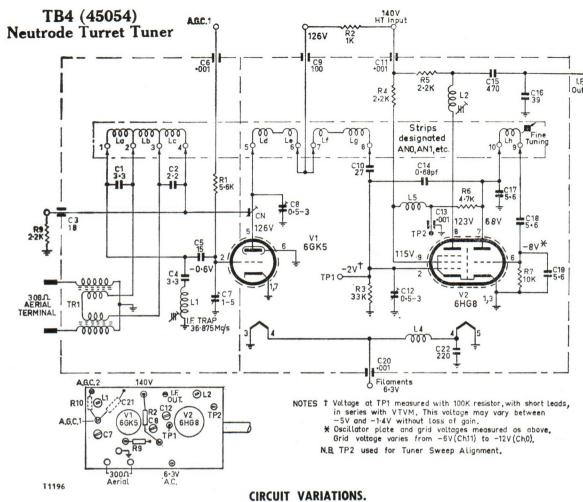
CHASSIS LAYOUT



TOP CHASSIS VIEW



UNDER CHASSIS VIEW



The following changes have occurred and are incorporated in the existing circuit.

To improve sound at low signal level: C203 was changed from 270 pF to present 390 pF.

To reduce vertical shrinkage with temperature rise:
R318 was changed from a 680K resistor to two 390K Morganite or Ducon type resistors,
R318 and R336.

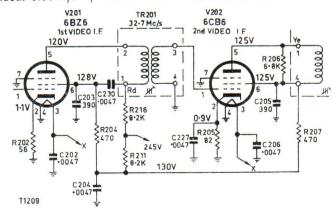
To prevent a form of horizontal oscillator instability: R406 was added in series with C410.

To limit peak current through MR202: R226 was changed from a 10 megohms resistor in parallel with MR202 to the present 47 ohms series resistor.

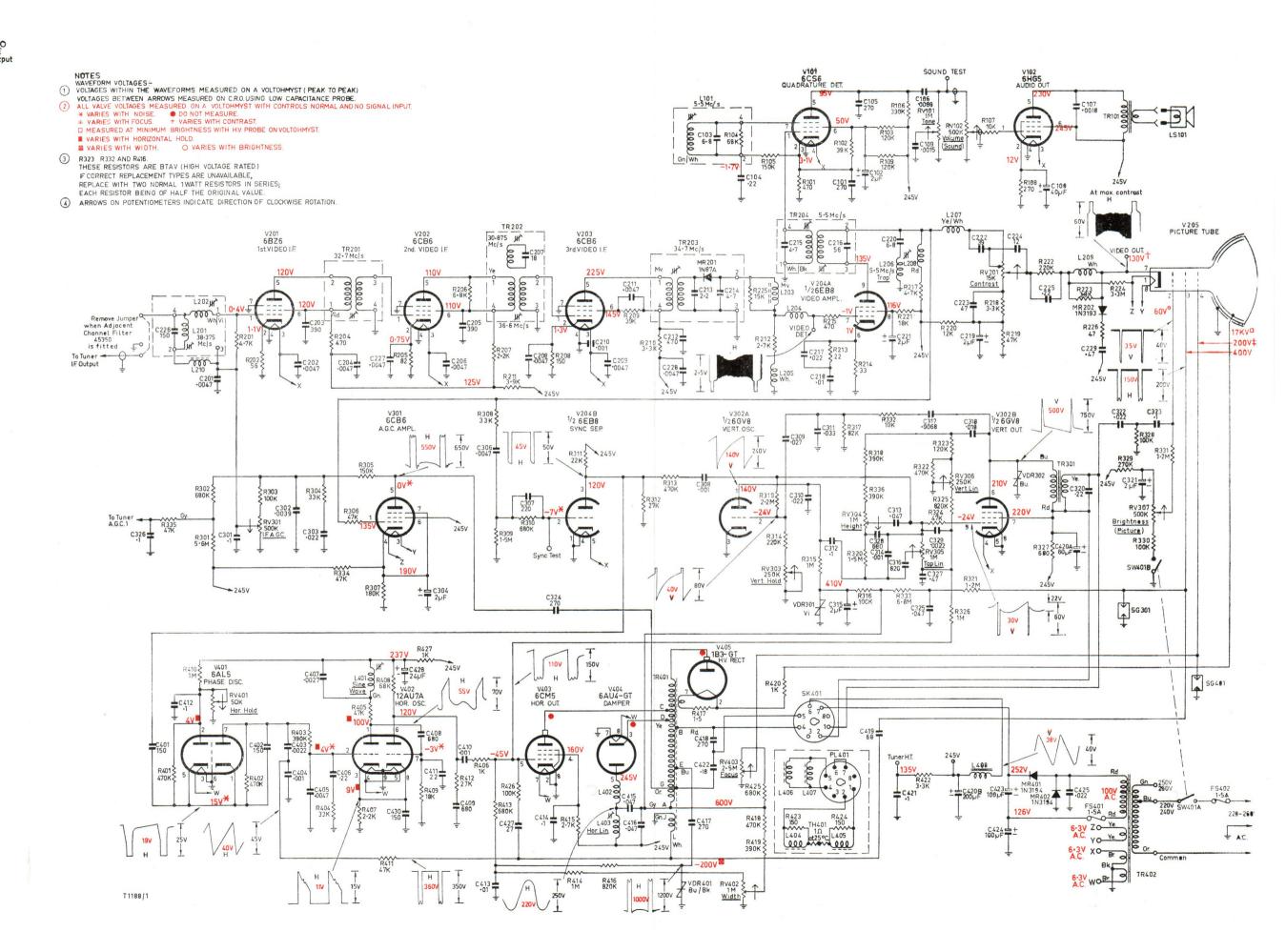
Changes since circuit was drawn:

To improve A.G.C. characteristics the H.T. feed to the 1st and 2nd Video I.F. stages has been changed as shown in the following circuit. Components affected are:

R207 is now a 470 ohms \pm 20% $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt resistor 606592 R211 is now an 8.2K ohms \pm 10% 4 Watts W.W. resistor 611863 R216 added: 8.2K ohms \pm 10% 4 Watts W.W. resistor 611863 C230 added: 0.0047 μ F + 100%—0% Hi-K disc 225980



TELEVISION RECEIVER CHASSIS 42-00 SERIES



CIRCUIT CODE-42-00 Series TV Chassis

Code No.		DESCRIPTION	l 	Part No.	Code No.	DES	SCRIPTION	P	art No.
	RESISTORS					RESISTORS (cont.)		nt.)	
All Re	esistors composit	tion type un	less otherwis	e stated.	R320	1.5 Megohms	±10%	1 watt†	61826
R1	5.6K ohms	±20%	½ watt	611288	R321	1.2 Megohms	±10%	1 watt	61814
₹2	1K ohms	±20%	$\frac{1}{2}$ watt	608030	R322	470K ohms	±10%	1 watt	61735
₹3	33K ohms	$\pm 20\%$	½ watt	614463	R323	120K ohms	$\pm 10\%$	1 watt BTAV	6162
84	2.2K ohms	$\pm 10\%$	1 watt	609446	R324	47K ohms	$\pm 10\%$	½ watt	6149
25	2.2K ohms	±20%	$\frac{1}{2}$ watt	609445	R325	820K ohms	$\pm 10\%$	½ watt†	6178
86	4.7K ohms	±10%	1 watt	610966	R326	1 Megohm	±10%	1 watt	6180
27	10K ohms	±20%	½ watt	612032	R327	680 ohms	±10%	5 watts W.W	. 6072
88	Not used				R328	100K ohms	±10%	½ watt	6160
19	2.2K ohms	±20%	$\frac{1}{2}$ watt	609445	R329	270K ohms	±10%	$\frac{1}{2}$ watt	6169
2101	470 ohms	±10%	½ watt	606588	R330	100K ohms	±10%	½ watt	6160
R102	39K ohms	±10%	½ watt	614684	R331	1.2 Megohms	±10%	½ watt	6181
2103	120K ohms	±10%	1 watt	616264	R332	10K ohms	±10%	1 watt BTAV	6120
R104	68K ohms	±10%	⅓ watt (in L	101) 615494	R333	6.8 Megohms	±10%	1 watt	6191
2105	150K ohms	±10%	½ watt	616426	R334	47K ohms	± 5%	1 watt	6149
2106	330K ohms	±10%	$\frac{1}{2}$ watt	617108	R335	47K ohms	$\pm 10\%$	½ watt	6149
107	10K ohms	±10%	$\frac{1}{2}$ watt	612025	R336	390K ohms	±10%	1 watt*	6172
2108	270 ohms	±10%	1 watt	605645	R401	470K ohms	±10%	½ watt	6173
108	120K ohms	±10%	1 watt	616264	R402	470K ohms	±10%	½ watt	6173
201	4.7K ohms	±10%	½ watt	610932	R403	390K ohms	±10%	½ watt	6172
201	56 ohms	±10%	$\frac{1}{2}$ watt	603363	R404	33K ohms	±10%	½ watt	6144
R202		±10 /o	2 Wull	003303	R405	47K ohms	±10%	1 watt	6149
203	Not used. 470 ohms	±20%	½ watt	606592	R406	1K ohms	±20%	½ watt	6080
	82 ohms	±10%	_	603810	R407	2.2K ohms	± 5%	1 watt	6094
205			_		R408	68K ohms	±10%	1 watt	6155
206	6.8K ohms	±10%	½ watt	611526 609446	R409	18K ohms	± 5%	1 watt	6133
207	2.2K ohms	±10%	1 watt		R410	1 Megohm	±10%	1 watt	6180
208	150 ohms	±10%	½ watt	604677	R411	47K ohms	±10%	½ watt	6149
209	39K ohms	±10%	1 watt	614691	R412	27K ohms	±10%	½ watt	6141
210	3.3K ohms	±10%	1 watt	610309	R413	680K ohms	±10%	½ watt	6176
R211	3.9K ohms	±10%		.W. 610569	R414	1 Megohm	±10%	1 watt	6182
212	2.7K ohms	±10%	½ watt	609862	R415	2.7K ohms	±10%	5 watts W.W.	
213	22 ohms	±10%	½ watt	602320	R416	820K ohms	±10%	1 watt BTAV	6178
R214	33 ohms	±10%	$\frac{1}{2}$ watt	602752	R417	1.5 ohms	±10%	½ watt W.W.	6004
R215	470 ohms	±10%	$\frac{1}{2}$ watt	606588	R418	470K ohms	±10%	1 watt	6173
R216	Not used.				R419	390K ohms	±10%	1 watt	6172
R217	4.7K ohms	± 5%	7 watts W	.W. 610944	R420	1K ohms	±20%	1 watt	6080
218	3.3K ohms	$\pm 10\%$	½ watt	610304	R420	3.3K ohms	±10%	7 watts W.W	
219	47K ohms	$\pm 10\%$	2 watts	614987	R423	150 ohms	±10%	y watt) In	6046
R220	12K ohms	±10%	1 watt	612514	R423	150 ohms	±10%	½ watt∫ Yoke	
221	18K ohms	±10%	2 watts	613301	R425	680K ohms	±20%	$\frac{1}{2}$ watt	6176
R222	220K ohms	±10%	½ watt	616721	R426	100K ohms	±10%	½ watt	6160
223	3.9K ohms	±10%	$\frac{1}{2}$ watt	610556	R427	1K ohms	±20%	½ watt	6080
224	3.3 Megohms	$\pm 20\%$	½ watt	618714	R427	Not used.	-20 /0	2 Wull	0000
225	15K ohms	$\pm 10\%$	$\frac{1}{2}$ watt	612922	RV101	1 Megohm Curv	o C Carbon	Tono	+
226	47 ohms	±10%	½ watt*	603117	RV101	500K ohms Cur			‡ ‡
301	5.6 Megohms	±10%	1 watt	619053	RV201				±
302	680K ohms	±10%	$\frac{1}{2}$ watt	617666	RV301	15K ohms Curv			
2303	100K ohms	±20%	½ watt	616019		500K ohms Cur	ve A Curbon	i, i.r. A.G.C.	6205
304	33K ohms	±10%	½ watt	614460	RV302	Not used.	A C . I	V U-1.1	
305	150K ohms	±10%	1 watt	616430	RV303	250K ohms Cur			6204
306	47K ohms	±10%	½ watt	614961	RV304	1 Megohm Curv			6207
307	180K ohms	± 5%	1 watt	616561	RV305	1 Megohm Curv			6207
308	33K ohms	±10%	½ watt	614460	RV306			, Vert. Linearity	6205
309		±10%			RV307	500K ohms Cur			‡
	1.5 Megohms		½ watt	618260	RV401	50K ohms Curve			6203
310	680K ohms	±10%	½ watt	617666	RV402	1 Megohm Curv			6207
311	22K ohms	±10%	2 watts	613649	RV403	2.5 Megohms C	urve A Carb	on, Focus	6207
312	27K ohms	±10%	2 watts	614135			CADACITORS		
2313	470K ohms	±10%	½ watt	617356		30°	CAPACITORS		
2314	220K ohms	$\pm 10\%$	$\frac{1}{2}$ watt	616721	C1	$3.3 pF \pm 10\% N$	NPO disc		2201
315	1 Megohm	$\pm 10\%$	1 watt	618021	C2	2.2pF ±5% NF			2214
316	100K ohms	$\pm 10\%$	1 watt	616024	C3	18pF ±5% NP			2207
2317	82K ohms	±10%	$\frac{1}{2}$ watt	615795	C4	$3.3 \text{pF} \pm 10\% \text{ N}$			2201
318	390K ohms	$\pm 10\%$	1 watt*	617212	C5	15pF ±5% NPC			2207
319	2.2 Megohms	±10%	1 watt	618488	C6	$0.001\mu F + 100$		i-K feed thru	2250

[‡] Varies with models. *Use Ducon or Morganite types only.

CIRCUIT CODE—42-00 Series TV Chassis (cont.)

Code	No.	DESCRIPTION	Part No.	Code No.	DESCRIPTION	Part No
		CAPACITORS (cont.)				
C7	1-5pF trimm	er	231144	C312	$0.1\mu F \pm 10\%$ 400VW polyester	227085
C8	0.5-3 pF trii	nmer	231122	C313	$0.047 \mu F \pm 10\%$ 400VW polyester	226802
C9		% N3300 feed thru	222246	C314	$0.001 \mu F \pm 10\%$ 400VW polystyrene	225062
210	27pF ±5%		221071	C315	2μF 500 VW Electrolytic	22793
C11		00% —0% Hi-K feed thru	225011	C316	$820 \mathrm{pF} \pm 10\%$ $630 \mathrm{VW}$ polystyrene	224943
C12	0.5-3pF trim	oo% —0% Hi-K feed thru	231122 225011	C317	$0.0068\mu\text{F} \pm 10\% 1000\text{VW paper}$	22624
C13 C14	0.68pF spec		49915	C318	$0.018\mu\text{F} \pm 10\%$ 630VW polystyrene	226582
C14 C15		% K2000 tubular	221972	C319	Not used.	
C16		N750 tubular (TBI)	221774	C320	$0.22\mu\text{F} \pm 10\%$ 160VW polyester	22734
C17		—0% N150 disc	220274	C321	2μF 200VW Electrolytic	22793
C18	$5.6 \text{pF} \pm 2\frac{1}{2}\%$		220276	C322	$0.022\mu F \pm 10\% 160VW polyester$	226634
C19		—5% N150 disc	220275	C323	0.1μF ±10% 400VW polyester	227085 223554
C20	$0.001 \mu F + 1$	00% —0% Hi-K feed thru	225011	C324 C325	$270 \mathrm{pF} \pm 10\%$ N750 tubular $0.047 \mu\mathrm{F} \pm 10\%$ 400VW polyester	22683
C22	220pF ±20		223205	C325	0.1μ F $\pm 10\%$ 160VW polyester	227086
CN	Neutralising			C327	$0.47\mu\text{F} \pm 10\%$ 160VW polyester	227495
C101	270pF ±20	% K2000 tubular	223550	C328	680pF ±10% 630VW polystyrene	224777
C102	2μF 200VW		227933	C329	$0.0022\mu\text{F} \pm 10\% 400\text{VW}$ polystyrene	225636
C103		% N750 disc (in L101)	220382	C401	150pF ±10% 400VW polyester	222698
C104		% 160VW polyester	227341	C401	150pF ±10% 400VW polystyrene	222698
C105		% K2000 tubular	223550	C403	$0.0022\mu\text{F} \pm 10\%$ 400VW polyester	225636
C106		10% 400VW polyester	226218	C404	$0.001\mu F \pm 10\% 400VW$ polyester	225060
C107		10% 400VW polyester	225483	C405	$0.0047\mu\text{F} \pm 10\% 400\text{VW polyester}$	225953
C108	40µF 16VW		229552	C406	$0.22\mu\text{F} \pm 10\%$ 160VW polyester	227341
C109		10% 400VW polyester	225390	C407	$0.0027\mu\text{F} \pm 10\% 400\text{VW polyester}$	225746
C201		100%—0% K5000 disc	225980	C407	680pF ±5%630VW polystyrene	224778
C202		100%—0% K5000 disc	225980	C409	680pF ±5% 630VW polystyrene	224778
C203		630VW polystyrene	223885	C410	$0.001\mu\text{F} \pm 10\%$ 400VW polystyrene	225062
C204		100%—0% K5000 disc	225980	C411	22pF ±10% NPO tubular	220889
C205		630VW polystyrene	223885	C412	$0.1\mu\text{F} \pm 10\%$ 160VW polyester	227086
C206		100%—0% K5000 disc	225980	C413	$0.01\mu\text{F} \pm 10\%$ 160VW polyester	226378
C207		NPO tubular (in TR202)	220775 225980	C414	$0.1\mu\text{F} \pm 10\% 400\text{VW polyester}$	227085
C208		100%—0% K5000 disc	225980	C415	0.047µF ±10% 1000 VW paper	226831
C209	0.004/μF +	100%—0% K5000 disc	225011	C416	0.047µF ±10% 1000VW paper	226831
C210		00%—0% K5000 feed thru'	225980	C417	270pF ±10% 2500VW N750 disc	223554
C211		100%—0% K5000 disc	224212	C418	270pF ±10% 2500VW N750 disc	223554
C212		630VW polystyrene NPO disc (in TR203)	221494	C419	68pF ±10% 2000VW N750 tubular	221966
C213		6 N750 bead (in TR203)	220215	C420A		229767
C214 C215		6 N750 bead (in TR204)	220215	C420B	$\left. egin{array}{ll} 60 \mu F & 275 VW \ 200 \mu F & 275 VW \end{array} ight\}$ Electrolytic	
	4./pr = 10/	NPO tubular (in TR204)	221776	C421	0.1μ F $\pm 10\%$ 400VW polyester	227085
C216 C217		0% 160VW polyester	226634	C422	$0.18\mu\text{F}~\pm10\%~400 ext{VW}$ paper	227311
C217		% 160VW polyester	226378	C423	100μF 150VW Electrolytic	229651
C219	2μF 300VW		227923	C424	100μF 150 VW Electrolytic	229651
C220	$6.8 \text{pF} \pm 10\%$		220382	C425	0.022μ F $\pm 10\%$ 400VW polyester	226636
C221	2μF 300VW		227923	C426	Not used.	001070
C222		N750 tubular	221294	C427	27pF ±10% N1500 tubular	221073
C223	47pF ±10%	N750 tubular	221434	C428	24μF 300VW Electrolytic	222812
C224	12pF ±10%	N750 tubular	220567	C429	Not used.	222698
C225		% 160VW polyester	227341	C430	$150 \mathrm{pF} \pm 10\%$ 630VW polystyrene	222090
0226		630VW polystyrene (in L201)	222688			
C227		100%-0% K5000 disc	225980			
C228	$0.0047 \mu F +$	100%—0% K5000 disc	225980			
C229	$0.47 \mu F \pm 10$	% 160VW polyester	227497			
C301		6 160VW polyester	227086			
C 3 02		10% 400VW polyester	225863			
C303	$0.022 \mu F \pm 1$	0% 400VW polyester	226636			
C304	2μF 300VW	Electrolytic	227923			
C305	Not used.					
C306		10% 400VW polyester	225953			
C307		% 630VW polystyrene	223206			
C308		0% 400VW polyester	225060			
309		0% 160VW polyester	226690			
		0% 400VW polyester	226636			
C310	0.022mi — i	0 /0 100 tt po./ 00.0.				

	INDUCTORS			VALVES AND DIODES	
.1	36.875 Mc/s Trap	41859	v1	Radiotron 6GK5	
.2	Converter I.F. Coil	41859	V2	Radiotron 6HG8	
.3	Not used				
.4	Oscillator Filament Choke	41866	V101	Radiotron 6CS6	
.5	Screen Inductor Coil	45017	V102	Radiotron 6HG5	
.a-Lh	Tuning Coil Assembly		V201	Radiotron 6BZ6	
	Channel O	45055	V202	Radiotron 6CB6	
	Channel 1	45056	V203	Radiotron 6CB6	
	Channel 2	45057	V204	Radiotron 6EB8	
	Channel 3	45058	V205	Radiotron Picture Tube (varies with model	s)
	Channel 4	45059	V301	Radiotron 6CB6	-,
			V302	Radiotron 6GV8	
	Channel 5	45060			
	Channel 5A	45061	V401	Radiotron 6AL5	
	Channel 6	45062	V402	Radiotron 12AU7A	
	Channel 7	45063	V403	Radiotron 6CM5	
	Channel 8	45064	V404	Radiotron 6AU4-GTA	
	Channel 9	45065	V405	Radiotron 1B3-GT	
	Channel 10	45066	MR201	AWV IN87A	
			MR202		
	Channel 11	45067		AWV IN3193	
.101	Quadrature Detector	53243	MR401	AWV IN3194	
.201 .202	38.375 Mc/s Trap \ I.F. Input	53278	MR402	AWV IN3194	
.203	Detector Filter	52720			
.204	Detector Filter	49671		MISCELLANEOUS	
.205	Detector Peaking Coil	41423			
.206	Sound I.F. Trap, 5.5 Mc/s	53245	VDR301	Voltage Dependent Resistor E298ED/A262	6195
.207	Video Peaking	45090	VDR302	Voltage Dependent Resistor E298ED/A260	619
.208	Video Ampl. Shunt Peaking	40117	VDR401	Voltage Dependent Resistor E298ZZ/06	619
.209 .210	Video Ampl. Series Peaking Inductor	41423 53277	FS401	1.5 Amp. Fuse	3700
.401	Sine Wave	52150	FS402 SW401	1.5 Amp. Fuse Power On-Off Switch	3700
402	H.F. Choke 1.5μH	214516	SG301	Spark Gap (BTS Blank)	6000
403	Horizontal Linearity	43264	SG401	Spark Gap (BTS Blank)	6000
404	Vertical Deflection Coil				
.405 .406	Vertical Deflection Coil Horizontal Deflection Coil	43665			
407	Horizontal Deflection Coil				
408	H.T. Filter Choke	51571A			
			‡ Var	ies with models.	
	TRANSFORMERS				
TR1	Ralun Accomply	44000			
r 101	Balun Assembly Audio Transformer	44009 ‡			
TR201	1st Video I.F.	40902			
R202	2nd Video I.F.	41407			
TR203	3rd Video I.F.	41933			
TR204	Sound Take Off	53241			
TR301	Vertical Output	53519A			
R401	EHT Transformer	52536	2		
1401					

D.C. RESISTANCE OF WINDINGS

WIND	DING	D.C. RESISTANCE IN OHMS	WINDING	D.C. RESISTANO IN OHMS	
Tuner	Windings	*	TR101 Speaker Transforme	r	
L101	Quadrature Detector	7	Primary Secondary	500 2	
L201	38.375 Mc/s Trap	*	TR201 1st Video I.F.	_	
L202	I.F. Input	*	Primary	*	
L203	Detector Filter	1.5	Secondary	*	
204	Detector Filter	*	TR202 2nd Video I.F. Primary	*	
205	Detector Peaking Coil	5	Secondary	*	
206	5.5 Mc/s Trap	7	TR203 3rd Video I.F.		
207	Video Peaking Coil	3.2	Primary Secondary	*	
.208	Video Peaking Coil	6.8	TR204 Sound Take-off		
209	Video Peaking Coil	5	Primary	1.4	
210	Inductor	*	Secondary	3	
401	Sine Wave Coil	55	TR301 Vertical Output Primary	190	
402	H.F. Choke	*	Secondary	2.2	
403	Horizontal Linearity Coil	7	TR401 Horizontal Output		
404	Vertical Deflection	2.5	Primary C-A Secondary G-B	23 7	
.405	Vertical Deflection	2.5	Tertiary C-Top Cap		
406	Horizontal Deflection	17	Tertiary J-L	1.5	
407	Horizontal Deflection	17	TR402 Power Transformer	10	
408	H.T. Filter Choke	25	Primary Gn-Or Secondary Rd-Rd	10 4.3	

^{*}Less than 1 ohm.

The above readings were taken on a standard chassis, but substitution of materials during manufacture may cause variations and it should not be assumed that a component is faulty if a slightly different reading is obtained.

MECHANICAL REPLACEMENTS

Anode Cap and Lead, Hor. Output	40044	Screen Valve (1)	653014
Cap Ass'y, Yoke	41185	Shield Ass'y, Corona	41062
Clamp, Body, Power Cable	208056	Shield Ass'y, Video Det.	42378
Clamp, Lock, Power Cable	208057	Shield Tunnel	42429
Clamp, Yoke Cap	41186	Socket, 7 Pin with Saddle	794615
E.H.T. Box Lid	41310	Socket, 7 Pin with Skirt	794569
E.H.T. Box Side	41309	Socket, 7 Pin, Push-in	794579
Fuse Holder, H.T.	49075	Socket, 8 Pin, Wafer	793033
Fuse Holder, Mains	40845	Socket, 8 Pin, Moulded Mica	794582
Lead Ass'y, Ultor	49545	Socket, 9 Pin, Moulded Mica	794599
Screen, Valve (3)	653013	Test Point Assembly	41085