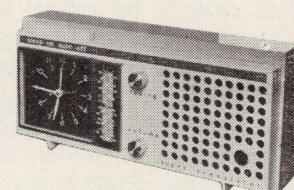




A.W.A. TRANSISTOR CLOCK RADIO

Model B37



Issued by Amalgamated Wireless (Australasia) Limited.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The model B37 is a five transistor A.C. operated clock radio designed for the reception of the Medium Wave broadcasting band. The clock movement is a "Telechron", self-starting, synchronous type featuring press-button control of operations.

ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Frequency Range 525-1650 Kc/s.
Intermediate Frequency 455 Kc/s.
Power Supply Rating 220-280 Volts A.C. at 50 c/s.

Power Consumption:

Clock 3 watts
Radio 3 watts

Loudspeaker:

4" 50258
V.C. Impedance 120 ohms at 400 c.p.s.
Undistorted Power Output 100 mW

Dimensions:

Height, 5½"; Width, 12"; Depth, 3"; Weight, 4 lbs.

Transistor and Diode Complement:

AWV 2N1639	Converter
AWV 2N1638	1st I.F. Amplifier
AWV 2N1638	2nd I.F. Amplifier
AWV 2N408	Driver
AWV AS128	Audio Output
AWV 1N87A	Overload Diode
AWV 1N87A	Detector Diode
AWV AS25	Rectifier

Connection to Power Supply:

The receiver should not be connected to any circuit supplying other than 220-280 volts A.C. at a frequency of 50 c.p.s. For correct Mains Taps refer to the circuit diagram.

Dial Cord Replacement:

Fig. 1 shows the route of the dial cord and the method of attachment.

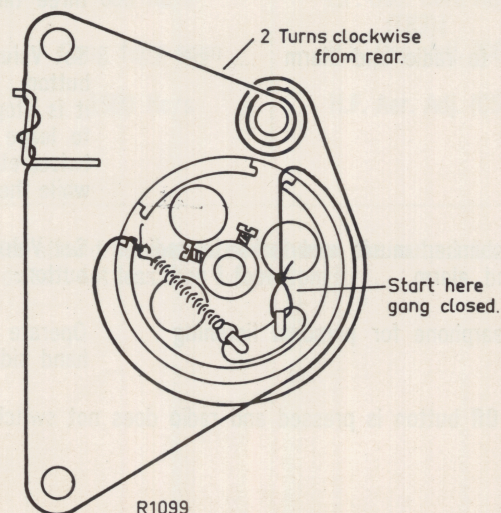


Fig. 1

Chassis Removal:

Remove the front control knobs by pulling them straight off their spindles.

Unscrew the knurled nut from the clock Hand-set spindle. Remove the moulded clip-on cover from the back of the cabinet to free the power cable.

Remove two screws from the base of the cabinet. The cabinet back may now be lifted clear of the front assembly.

Referring to Fig. 2, remove two screws marked "A", holding the clock cover to the cabinet front and remove the cover.

Disconnect the speaker leads and power transformer primary connections.

Remove four screws, marked "B", and lift the chassis from the cabinet front.

Replacement of the chassis is the reversal of the above procedure.

Clock Removal:

Remove 3 screws marked "C" and lift the clock assembly from the cabinet front.

Note: It is not intended that clock parts will be available as spares. Any clock requiring service will be handled by the existing service exchange arrangements.

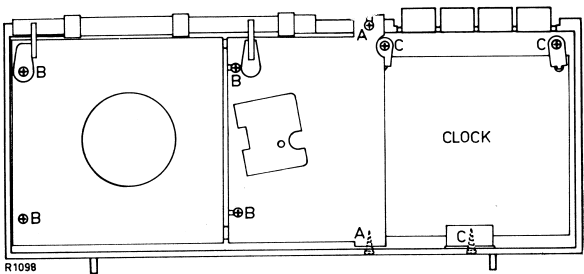


Fig. 2

READY REFERENCE CHART FOR CLOCK RADIO OPERATION

If you want to:	Then proceed as follows:
1. Use clock only	Plug into power point, set correct time with Hand Set spindle at rear. Press Off button.
2. Use as alarm clock only	Plug into power point, set correct time and alarm time with rear spindle. Turn Volume control to minimum and press Auto button.
3. Operate radio manually	Press On button, adjust Tuning and Volume controls. To switch off press Off button.
4. Use slumber music	Press Off button and depress Sleep button once (10 min.) twice ($\frac{1}{2}$ hour), three times ($\frac{3}{4}$ hour), four times (1 hour) for required music interval.
5. Wake to radio and alarm	Set Volume and Tuning controls. Set correct alarm time and press Auto button. When the alarm sounds, ten minutes after the radio switches on, it is stopped by pressing On or Off buttons, depending whether you wish to leave the radio on or not. Alternatively pressing Sleep button once, twice, etc., will silence the alarm for a further 10 minutes, $\frac{1}{2}$ hour, etc., while the radio remains on.
6. Use slumber music and wake to radio and alarm	Set Volume and Tuning controls. Set correct alarm time and press Auto button. Depress Sleep button as in 4 above.
7. Use earphone for personal listening	Operate radio as in 3 above and insert earphone into socket on right hand side of cabinet.

N.B.—If **Off** button is pressed and radio does not switch off press **Sleep** button until it does.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

The receiver is tested by the manufacturer with precision instruments and all adjusting screws are sealed. Re-alignment should be necessary only when components in tuned circuits are repaired or replaced or when it is found that the seals over the adjusting screws have been broken. It is specially important that the adjustments should not be altered unless in association with the correct testing instruments listed below.

Under no circumstances should the plates of the ganged tuning capacitor be bent as the unit is accurately aligned during manufacture and can only be adjusted by skilled operators using special equipment.

For all alignment operations, keep the generator output as low as possible to avoid a.g.c. action and set the volume control in the maximum clockwise position.

Testing Instruments:

Signal Generator—modulated 400 c.p.s. or modulated oscillator.

If the modulated oscillator is used, connect a 0.22 megohm non-inductive resistor across the output terminals.

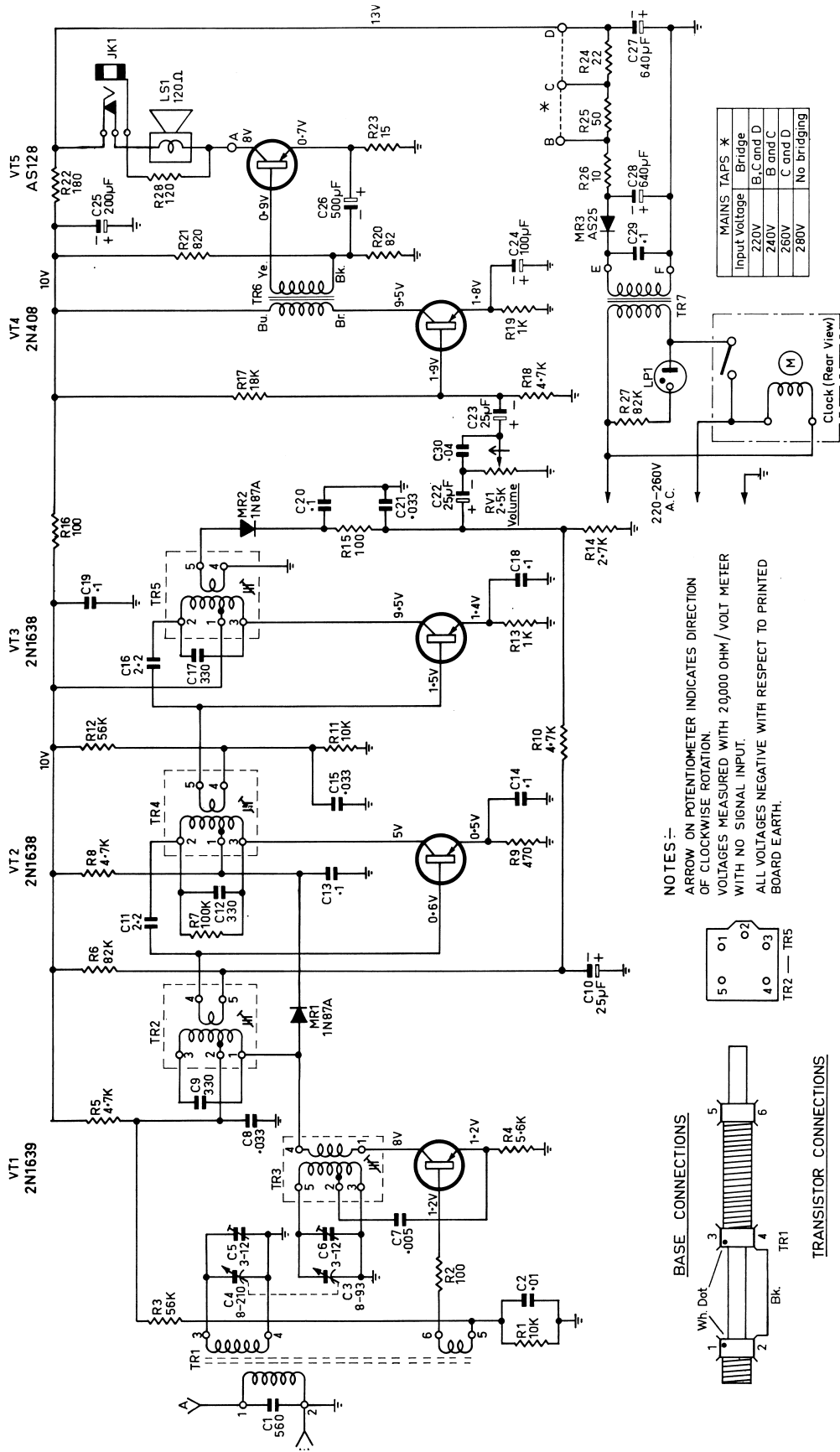
No output transformer is used in this receiver since the speaker has a 120 ohms voice coil and is connected directly to the collector of the output transistor. For output measurement, if an indication only is required, Output Meter type 2M8832, switched to 5000 ohms and connected to the output collector should be adequate. For correct reading of power output, an A.C. meter with neither probes earthed, connected to the output collector will measure the voltage across the 120 ohms load. The normal alignment level of 50 mW occurs when 2.5 volts is indicated on the A.C. voltmeter.

ALIGNMENT TABLE

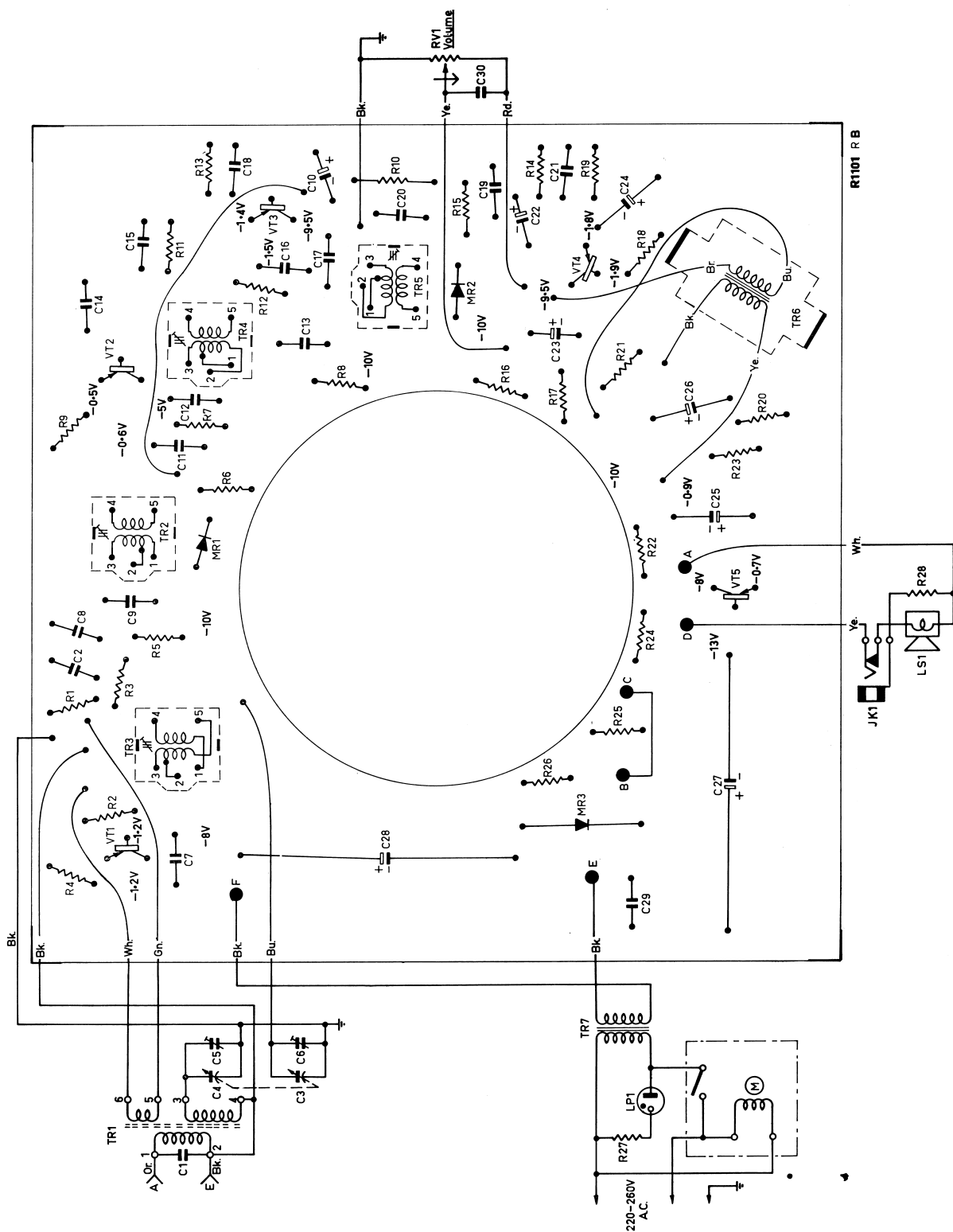
ORDER	Connect "High" Side of Generator to:	Tune Generator to:	Tune Receiver to:	Adjust for Maximum Peak Output:
1	Aerial section of Gang.	455 Kc/s	Gang fully closed	Cores in TR5, TR4 and TR2
Repeat adjustment until maximum output is obtained.				
2	Inductively coupled to Rod Aerial*	600 Kc/s	600 Kc/s	L.F. Osc. Core Adj. (TR3)‡
3	Inductively coupled to Rod Aerial*	1650 Kc/s	Gang fully open	H.F. Osc. Adj. (C6)
4	Inductively coupled to Rod Aerial*	1500 Kc/s	1500 Kc/s	H.F. Aer. Adj. (C5)
Repeat adjustments 2, 3 and 4.				

* A coil comprising 3 turns of 16 gauge wire, about 12" in diameter should be connected between the output terminals of the test instrument, placed concentric with the rod aerial and distant not less than 1 foot from it.

‡ Rock the tuning control back and forth through the signal.



R1100



Notes: The diagram represents the view from the wiring side of the printed board.
 Red indicates components and leads mounted on the remote side of the board.
 Black indicates those components and leads mounted on the wiring side or completely removed from the board.
 All voltages shown are negative with respect to the board earth (positive terminal of the battery) and measured with no signal input and volume maximum clockwise using a 20,000 ohm/volt meter.
 Blue indicates the printed wiring.

CIRCUIT CODE. RADIOLA CLOCK RADIO B37

Code No.	Description	Part No.	Code No.	Description	Part No.
RESISTORS					
All Resistors composition type unless otherwise stated					
R1	10K ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	612025	C11	2.2pf $\pm 20\%$ NPO disc	221494
R2	100 ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	604031	C12	330pf $\pm 5\%$ N750 disc	223726
R3	56K ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	615161	C13	0.1 μ f $+80\%$ -20% 25VW Hi-K disc	227074
R4	5.6K ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	611293	C14	0.1 μ f $+80\%$ -20% 25VW Hi-K disc	227074
R5	4.7K ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	610932	C15	0.033 μ f $+80\%$ -20% 25VW Hi-K disc	226741
R6	82K ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	615795	C16	2.2pf $\pm 20\%$ NPO disc	221494
R7	100K ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	616017	C17	330pf $\pm 5\%$ N750 disc	223726
R8	4.7K ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	610932	C18	0.1 μ f $+80\%$ -20% 25VW Hi-K disc	227074
R9	470 ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	606588	C19	0.1 μ f $+80\%$ -20% 25VW Hi-K disc	227074
R10	4.7K ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	610932	C20	0.1 μ f $+80\%$ -20% 25VW Hi-K disc	227074
R11	10K ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	612025	C21	0.033 μ f $+80\%$ -20% 25VW Hi-K disc	226741
R12	56K ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	615161	C22	25 μ f 3VW Electrolytic	229428
R13	1K ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	608025	C23	25 μ f 3VW Electrolytic	229428
R14	2.7K ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	609862	C24	100 μ f 3VW electrolytic	229706
R15	100 ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	604031	C25	200 μ f 12VW Electrolytic	229764
R16	100 ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	604031	C26	500 μ f 2.5VW Electrolytic	229865
R17	18K ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	613306	C27	640 μ f 16VW Electrolytic	229880
R18	4.7K ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	610932	C28	640 μ f 16VW Electrolytic	229880
R19	1K ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	608025	C29	0.1 μ f $+80\%$ -20% 25VW Hi-K disc	227074
R20	82 ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	603810	C30	0.04 μ f $\pm 20\%$ 200VW AEE W99	228750
R21	820 ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	607665	TRANSISTORS AND DIODES		
R22	180 ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	604915	VT1	AWV 2N1639	
R23	15 ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt W.W.	602008	VT2	AWV 2N1638	
R24	22 ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt W.W.	602318	VT3	AWV 2N1638	
R25	50 ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt W.W.	602056	VT4	AWV 2N408	
R26	10 ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt W.W.	601106	VT5	AWV AS128	
R27	82K ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	615795	MR1	AWV 1N87A	
R28	120 ohms $\pm 10\%$ 1 watt	604366	MR2	AWV 1N87A	
RV1	2.5K ohms Curve S16 Volume	620779	MR3	AWV 1N2858	
CAPACITORS			TRANSFORMERS		
C1	560pf $\pm 5\%$ 125VW polystyrene	224485	TR1	Ferrite Rod Aerial	52732
C2	0.01 μ f $\pm 20\%$ 200VW AEE W99	228609	TR2	1st I.F. Transformer	52728
C3	8-93pf tuning Oscillator	Assembly 39263	TR3	Oscillator Transformer	51636
C4	8-210pf tuning Aerial		TR4	2nd I.F. Transformer	51268
C5	3-12pf trimmer Aerial		TR5	3rd I.F. Transformer	51270
C6	3-12pf trimmer Oscillator		TR6	Driver Transformer	52642
C7	0.005 μ f $\pm 20\%$ 200VW AEE W99	226005	TR7	Power Transformer	52640
C8	0.033 μ f $+80\%$ -20% 25VW Hi-K disc	226741	MISCELLANEOUS		
C9	330pf $\pm 5\%$ N750 disc	223726	LS1	4" Speaker	50258
C10	25 μ f 3VW Electrolytic	229428	LP1	Pilot Lamp	64685

D.C. RESISTANCE OF WINDINGS

Item	D.C. Resistance in ohms	Item	D.C. Resistance in ohms
Ferrite Rod Assembly (TR1)	*	Oscillator Transformer (TR3):	
1st I.F. Transformer (TR2):		Primary	1.5
Primary	1.5	Secondary	*
Secondary	*	Driver Transformer (TR6):	
2nd I.F. Transformer (TR4):		Primary	180
Primary	1.5	Secondary	20
Secondary	*	Power Transformer (TR7):	
3rd I.F. Transformer (TR5):		Primary	1300
Primary	1.5	Secondary	14
Secondary	*		

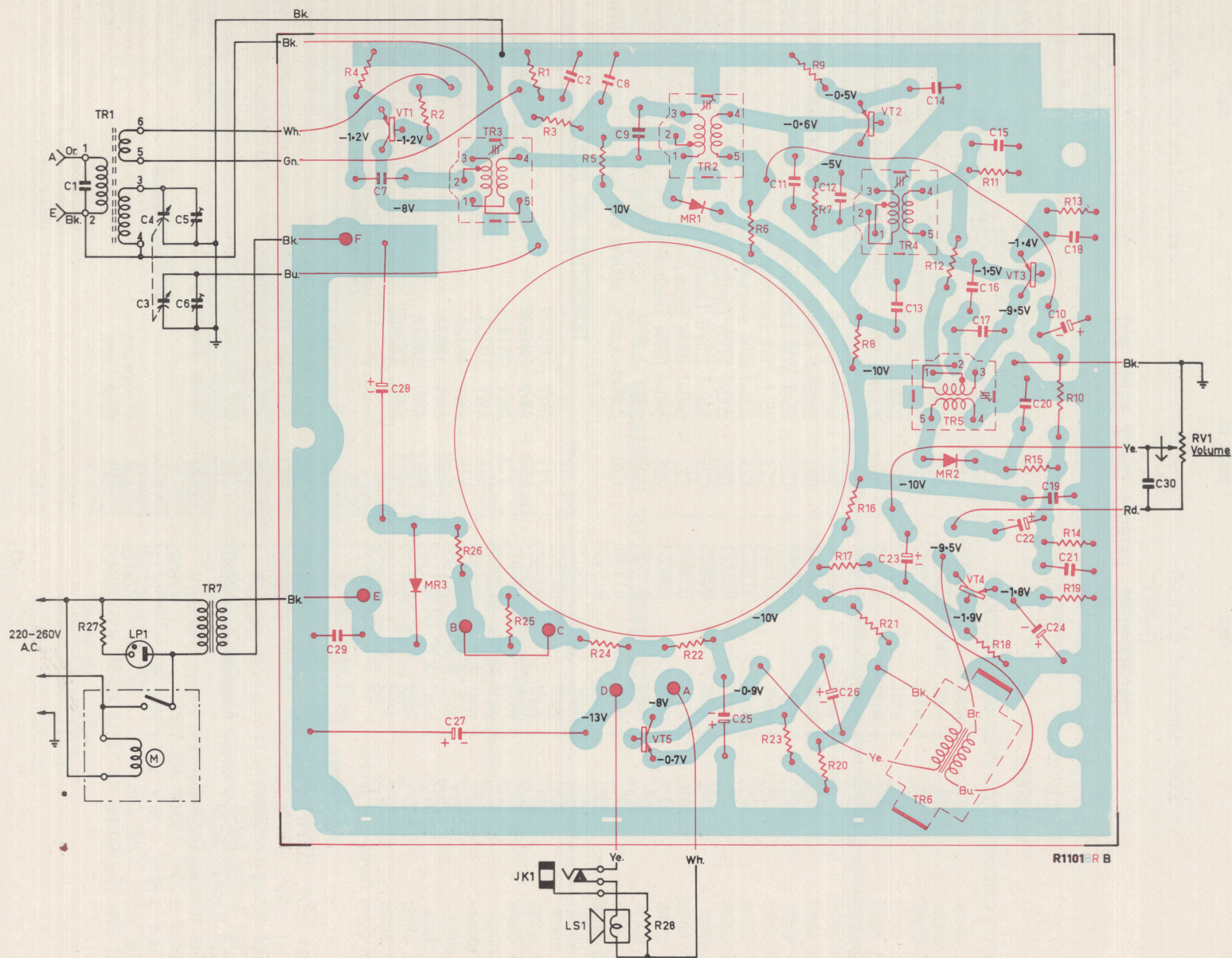
* Less than 1 ohm.

The above readings were taken on a standard chassis, but substitution of materials during manufacture may cause variations and it should not be assumed that a component is faulty if a slightly different reading is obtained.

MECHANICAL REPLACEMENT PARTS

ITEM	PART No.	ITEM	PART No.
Cabinet, Back	64701	Knob Assembly (2)	44538
Cabinet Front, Assembly	64683	Lamp, Retainer Assembly	64680
This contains:—		Plug, Button	64723
Badge	63831/5	Pointer	64728
Cabinet, Front	64703	Press Button (4)	64722
Fret, Cloth	64721	Pulley, Post (2)	64711
Gasket (6)	64730	Screw, Drive Drum	32816/1
Grille	64726	Spring, Dial Cord	1741
Nameplate	64724	Spring, Speaker Mounting (2)	44172
Window	64704	Support, Moulded, Ferrite Rod (Long)	64709
Cover, Clock, Rear	64682	Support, Moulded, Ferrite Rod (Short)	64708
Dial, Backing	64712	Variable Capacitor Mounting comprising:—	
Dial, Scale:—		Gang	39263
N.S.W.	37994A	Grommet (3)	36826/2
Vic.	37994B	Screw, 4BA x 5/16" Ch. Hd. (3)	714010
Qld.	37994C	Spacer (3)	35923
S.A.	37994D	Washer, 4BA I.T.L. (3)	921204
W.A.	37994E	Washer, 4BA Plain (3)	13156
Tas.	37994F		
Drive, Drum	64700		
Drive, Spindle Assembly	64717		

NOTE: When ordering spares, always quote the above Part Numbers, and in the case of coloured parts such as knobs, etc., also quote colour.



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