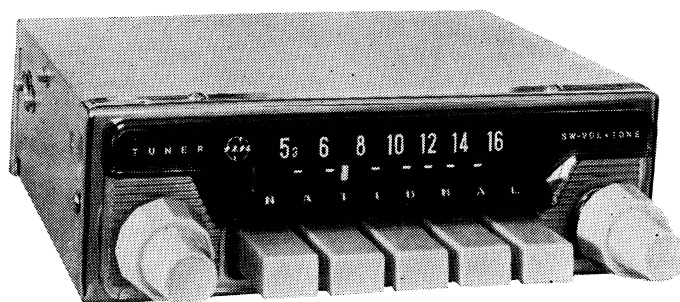




# ALL TRANSISTOR CAR RADIO

MODEL AT-250

## SERVICE NOTE



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MATSUSHITA COMMUNICATION INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.

TSUNASHIMA YOKOHAMA JAPAN

## 1. SPECIFICATIONS

Receiving system:	class B push-pull output with one RF amplification stage
Tuning:	5 push buttons
Reception band:	535 KC ~ 1605 KC
Intermediate frequency:	455 KC
Sensitivity:	under 20 $\mu$ V for 500 mW output
Selectivity:	over 16 dB at $\pm$ 10 KC detuning
Frequency response:	within        -15 dB     at     100 c/s 0 dB     at     400 c/s within        -24 dB     at     4000 c/s
Output power:	1.5 W
Power source voltage:	11~16V (13.5V standard)
Power consumption:	approx. 5.5 W (13.5 V $\times$ 0.4 A at maximum output) (170 mA: current drain without signal)

## 2. COMPOSITION

Radio set	1	(See Section 2-1)
Speaker box	1	(See Section 2-2)
Accessories	1 set	(See Section 2-3)

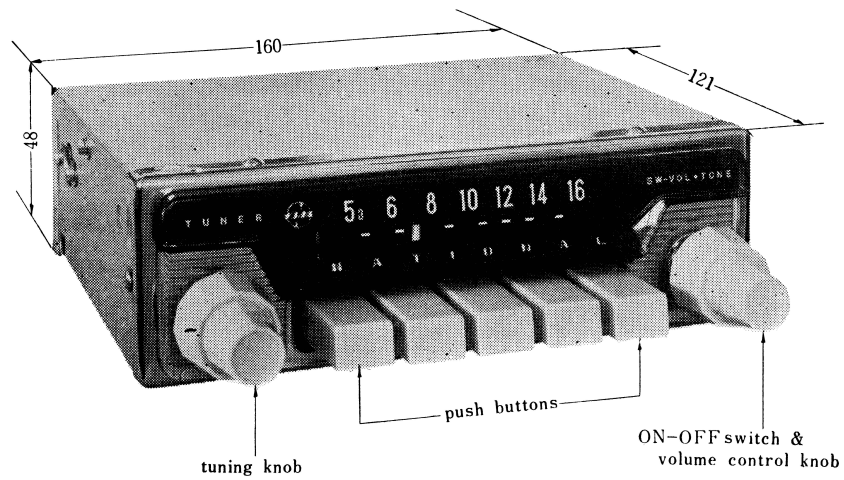
※ This set works on 12V power source only.

As the set adopts class B push-pull circuit for the output stage, the current varies in proportion to the input signal. Therefore, even if the voltage is dropped to 12V with a voltage dropper, the set cannot be installed to the car equipped with 24V power source.



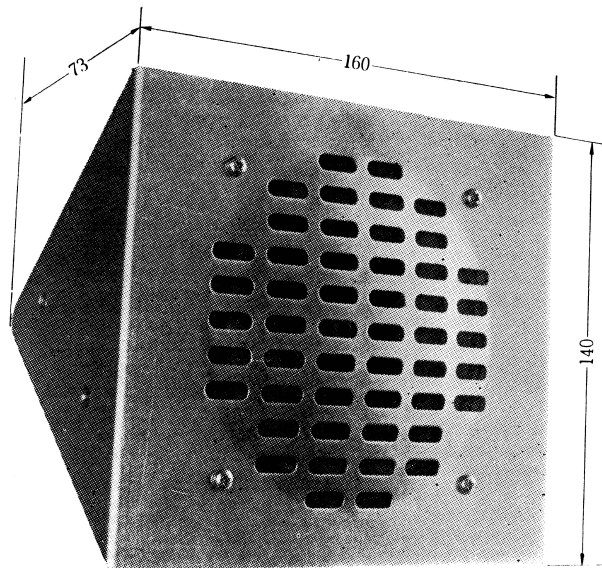
## 2-1 Radio Set (Weight: 1.4kg)

(Unit:  $\frac{mm}{in}$ )



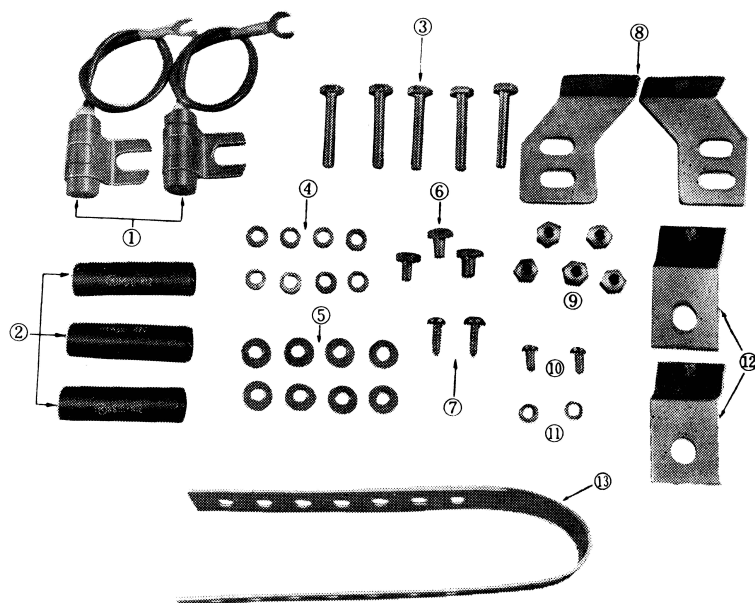
## 2-2 Speaker Box (Weight: about 0.6 kg)

P-524S (Impedance:  $3.0 \Omega$ )



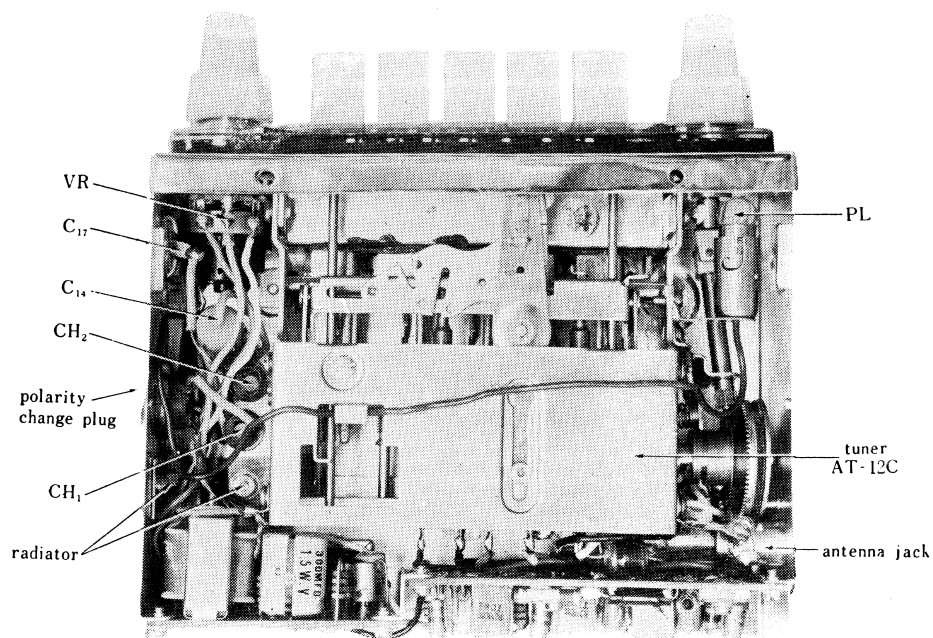
## 2-3 Accessories

No.	Item	Rating	Q'ty
1	Noise suppresser condenser	0.5 $\mu$ F 250V	2
2	S-type noise suppresser		3
3	Hexagonal head screw.	5mm $\phi$ $\times$ 30	5
4	Spring washer	5mm $\phi$	8
5	Washer	5mm $\phi$	8
6	Hexagonal head screw	5mm $\phi$ $\times$ 8	3
7	Wood screw	SC-15 $\ominus$ head	2
8	Mounting bracket B		1 each for left & right
9	Hexagonal nut	5mm $\phi$	5
10	Screw	4mm $\phi$ $\times$ 8 $\oplus$ head	2
11	Spring washer	4mm $\phi$	2
12	Speaker bracket		2
13	Mounting bracket A		1

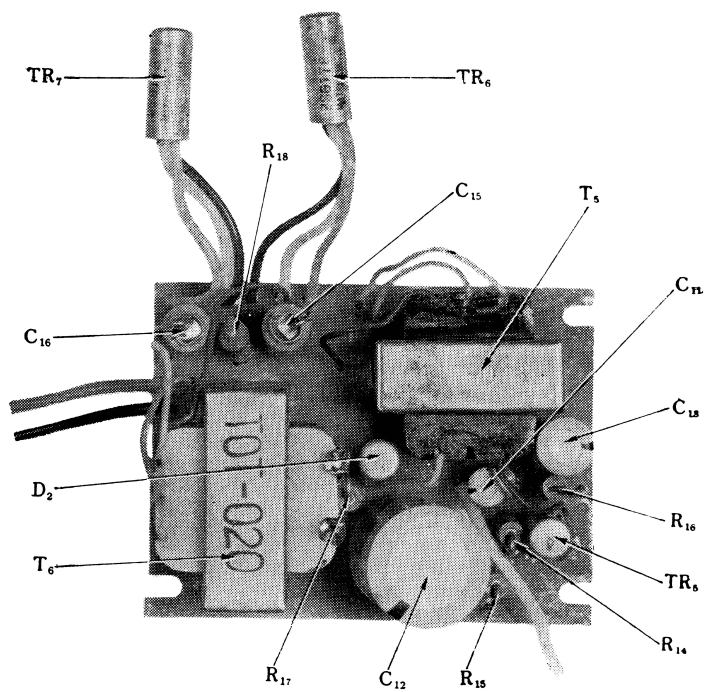


### 3. PARTS LOCATION

#### 3-1 Inside of the Radio Set (the upper side)

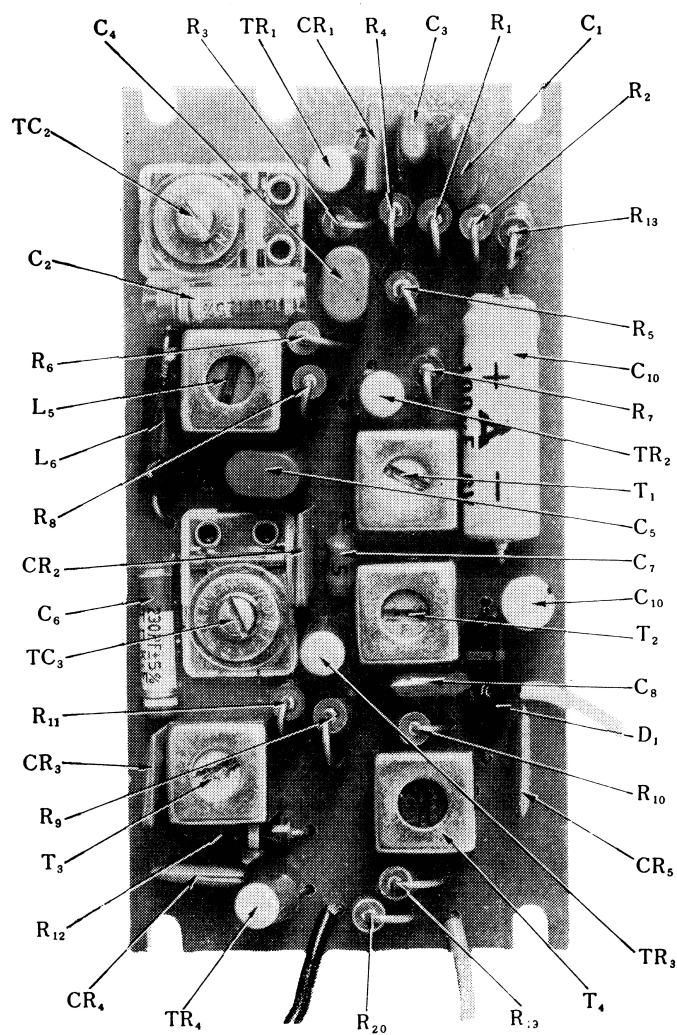


#### 3-2 Printed Circuit Board (P-250B)



### 3-3 Printed Circuit Board (P-250A)

R: Resistor	C: Condenser
TR: Transistor	CR: Condenser & Resistor
T: Transformer	TC: Trimmer condenser
L: Coil	



## 4. POLARITY CHANGE

Model AT-250 can be installed either in plus (+) earthed car or in minus (—) earthed car. Polarity can be changed by moving the polarity change plug located on the right side of the chassis.

The radio set is originally minus (—) earthed in factory.

- (1) How to set the radio set for plus (+) earthed power source.

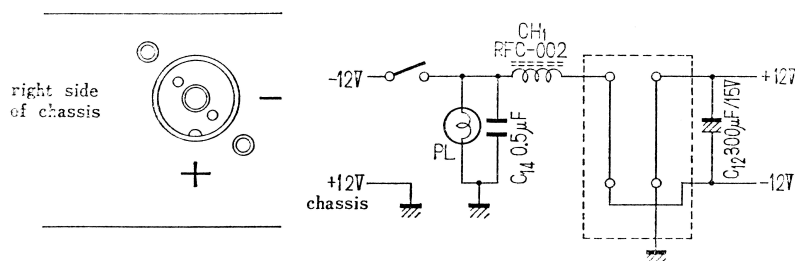


Fig. 4 - 1

- (2) How to set the radio set for minus (—) earthed power source.

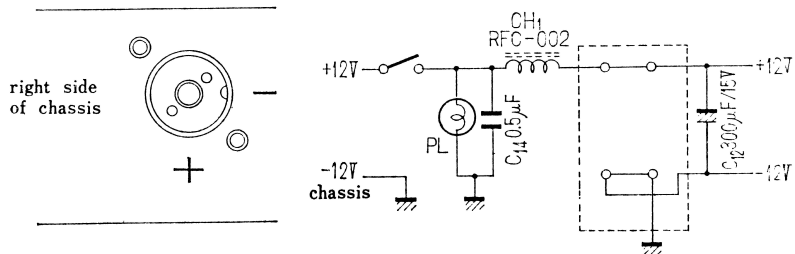


Fig. 4 - 2

## 5. ALIGNMENT

### 5-1 Preparations for Alignment

- 1) Regulate the power source voltage at the standard DC 13.5V constant.
- 2) Set the modulating frequency of the standard signal generator at 400 c/s. Modulation degree should be 30%.
- 3) The output of the signal generator should be as low as possible.
- 4) Set the volume control at its maximum position.
- 5) Dummy antenna should be set as shown in Fig. 5-2.

### 5-2 Procedures of Alignment

Process	Alignment Part	Signal Frequency	Dial pointer position	Alignment
1.	T <sub>4</sub> (IFT-005)	455KC	Set it at the right end	Repeat the procedures 1 to 4, 2 or 3 times so as to get the maximum output.
2.	T <sub>3</sub> (IFT-004)	"	"	
3.	T <sub>2</sub> (IF-22002)	"	"	
4.	T <sub>1</sub> (IF-22001)	"	"	
5.	L <sub>5</sub> (OSC-006)	530KC	Set it at the left end	
6.	TC <sub>3</sub> (TT-70)	1610KC	Set it at the right end	
7.	TC <sub>2</sub> (TT-70)	1400KC	Set it at 1400KC point	Align to get the maximum output.
8.	TC <sub>1</sub> (TL-70)	"	"	

Note: When the radio set is installed in a car, or when the antenna is changed, never fail to align again the TC<sub>1</sub> to get the maximum output receiving a program at or around 1400KC.

### 5-3 Parts to Be Aligned and Signal Frequency

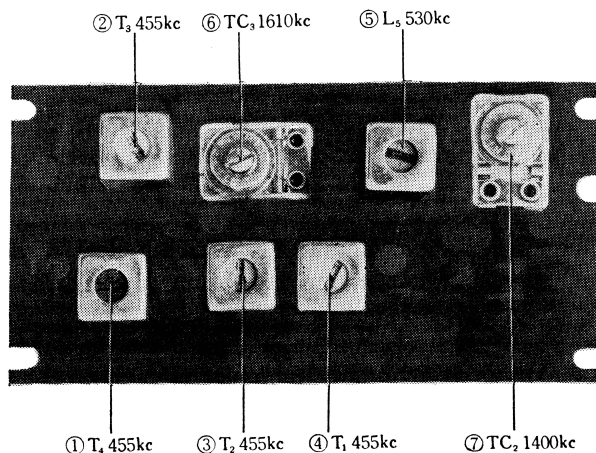


Fig. 5-1

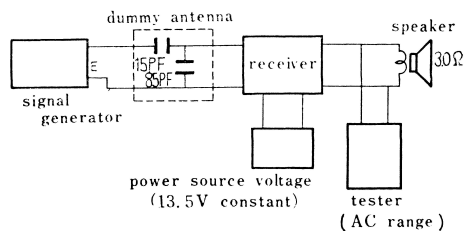


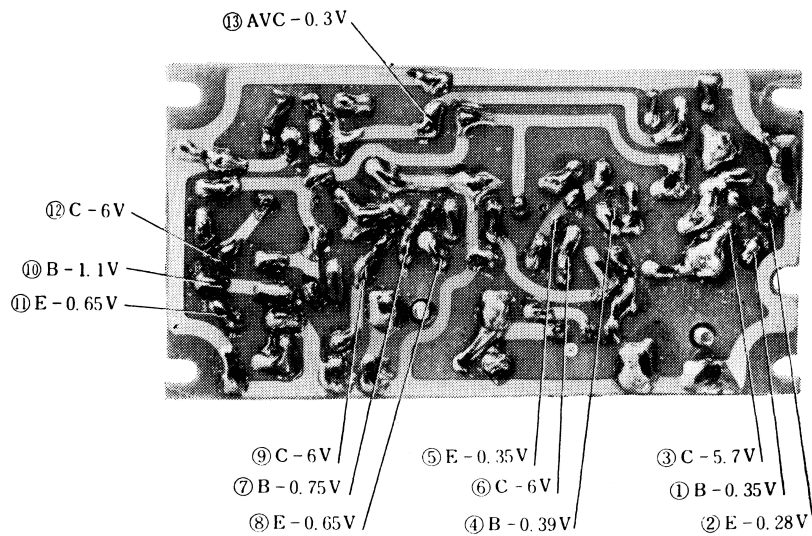
Fig. 5-2

## 6. STANDARD VOLTAGES AT VARIOUS POINTS OF THE CIRCUIT

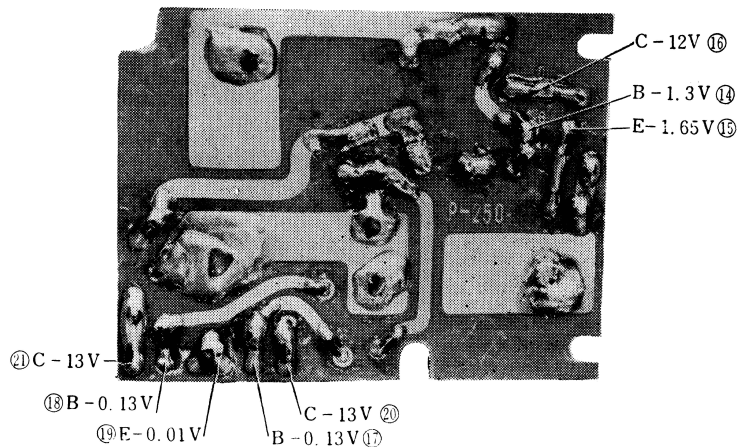
- 1) Given voltages are the standard ones indicated on a tester which has  $20K\Omega/V$  internal resistance.
- 2) The standard measuring points are on plus (+) side.
- 3) Given voltages under  $0.5V$  are measured with a  $1.5V$  range tester and those between  $0.5\sim 2.5V$  with a  $2.5V$  range tester.
- 4) The figure in  $\bigcirc$  indicates its position in the circuit diagram.

C: collector,      B: base,      E: emitter.

### High frequency section



### Low frequency section



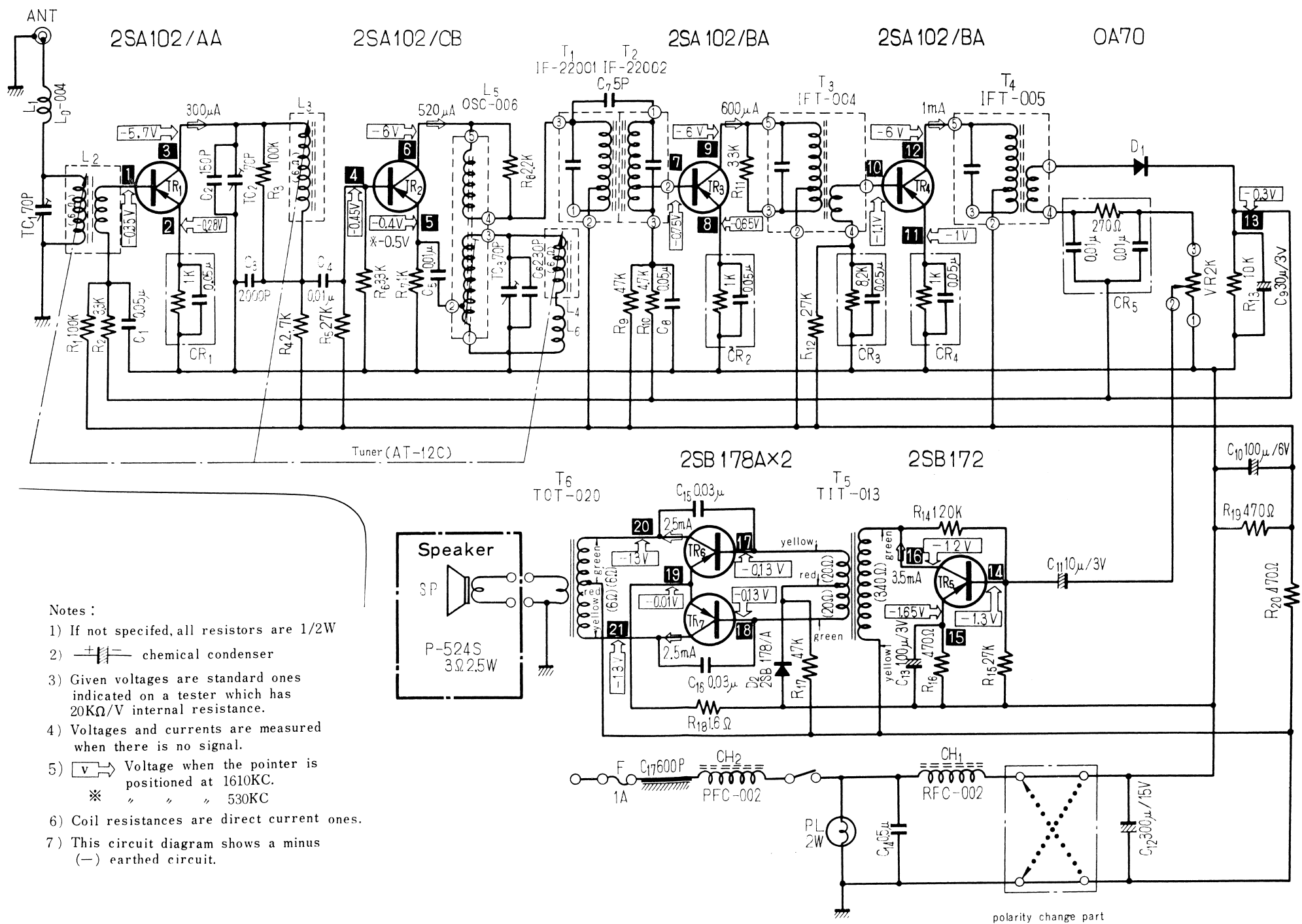
## 9. AT-250 PARTS LIST

- Note: 1) For requirement of parts, please specify them by their type numbers.  
2) Principal parts are marked with \*.

No.	Name	Type No.	Note
TR <sub>1</sub>	transistor	2SA102/AA	Pair type transistor
TR <sub>2</sub>	"	2SA102/CA	
TR <sub>3</sub> , TR <sub>4</sub>	"	2SA102/BA	
TR <sub>5</sub>	"	2SA172/AD	
TR <sub>6</sub> , TR <sub>7</sub>	"	2SB178/A	
D <sub>1</sub>	diode	OA70	varistor
D <sub>2</sub>	transistor	2SB178/A	
R <sub>1</sub> , R <sub>3</sub>	solid resistor $\frac{1}{2}W$	RC $\frac{1}{2}$ BFK 100K $\Omega$	
R <sub>4</sub>	" $\frac{1}{2}W$	RC $\frac{1}{2}$ BFK 2.7K $\Omega$	
R <sub>2</sub> , R <sub>6</sub>	" $\frac{1}{2}W$	RC $\frac{1}{2}$ BFK 3.3K $\Omega$	
R <sub>7</sub>	" $\frac{1}{2}W$	RC $\frac{1}{2}$ BFK 1K $\Omega$	
R <sub>11</sub>	" $\frac{1}{2}W$	RC $\frac{1}{2}$ BFK 33K $\Omega$	
R <sub>8</sub>	" $\frac{1}{2}W$	RC $\frac{1}{2}$ BFK 2.2K $\Omega$	
R <sub>9</sub>	" $\frac{1}{2}W$	RC $\frac{1}{2}$ BFK 47K $\Omega$	
R <sub>10</sub> , R <sub>17</sub>	" $\frac{1}{2}W$	RC $\frac{1}{2}$ BFK 4.7K $\Omega$	
R <sub>5</sub> , R <sub>12</sub> , R <sub>15</sub>	" $\frac{1}{2}W$	RC $\frac{1}{2}$ BFK 27K $\Omega$	
R <sub>13</sub>	" $\frac{1}{2}W$	RC $\frac{1}{2}$ BFK 10K $\Omega$	
R <sub>14</sub>	" $\frac{1}{2}W$	RC $\frac{1}{2}$ BFK 120K $\Omega$	
R <sub>16</sub> , R <sub>19</sub> , R <sub>20</sub>	" $\frac{1}{2}W$	RC $\frac{1}{2}$ BFK 470 $\Omega$	
*R <sub>18</sub>	synthetic resin coated resistor	WR $\frac{1}{2}$ RN 1.6 $\Omega$	
*VR	volume control 2K $\Omega$	PNVM 24C <sub>1</sub> 37.5 2K $\Omega$ DSG	insulated type
C <sub>1</sub> , C <sub>8</sub>	miller condenser 0.05 $\mu$ F	MS-05503M	
C <sub>2</sub>	titanium condenser 150PF	CC-30 150PF	
C <sub>3</sub>	miller condenser 0.002 $\mu$ F	A-202K	
C <sub>4</sub> , C <sub>5</sub>	"		
C <sub>6</sub>	titanium condenser 230PF	CC-25 230PF	
C <sub>7</sub>	" 5PF 50V		
C <sub>9</sub> , C <sub>11</sub>	chemical condenser 10 $\mu$ F 3V	NCA-3V10	
C <sub>10</sub>	" 100 $\mu$ F 6V	NCA-6V100	
C <sub>12</sub>	" 300 $\mu$ F 15V	NCA-15V300	
C <sub>13</sub>	" 100 $\mu$ F 3V	NCA-3V100	
C <sub>14</sub>	MP tubular condenser 0.5 $\mu$ F	MAPR-1504M	
C <sub>15</sub> , C <sub>16</sub>	" 0.03 $\mu$ F	MPBS-2303M	
C <sub>17</sub>	spark plate 600PF		



# AT-250 CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



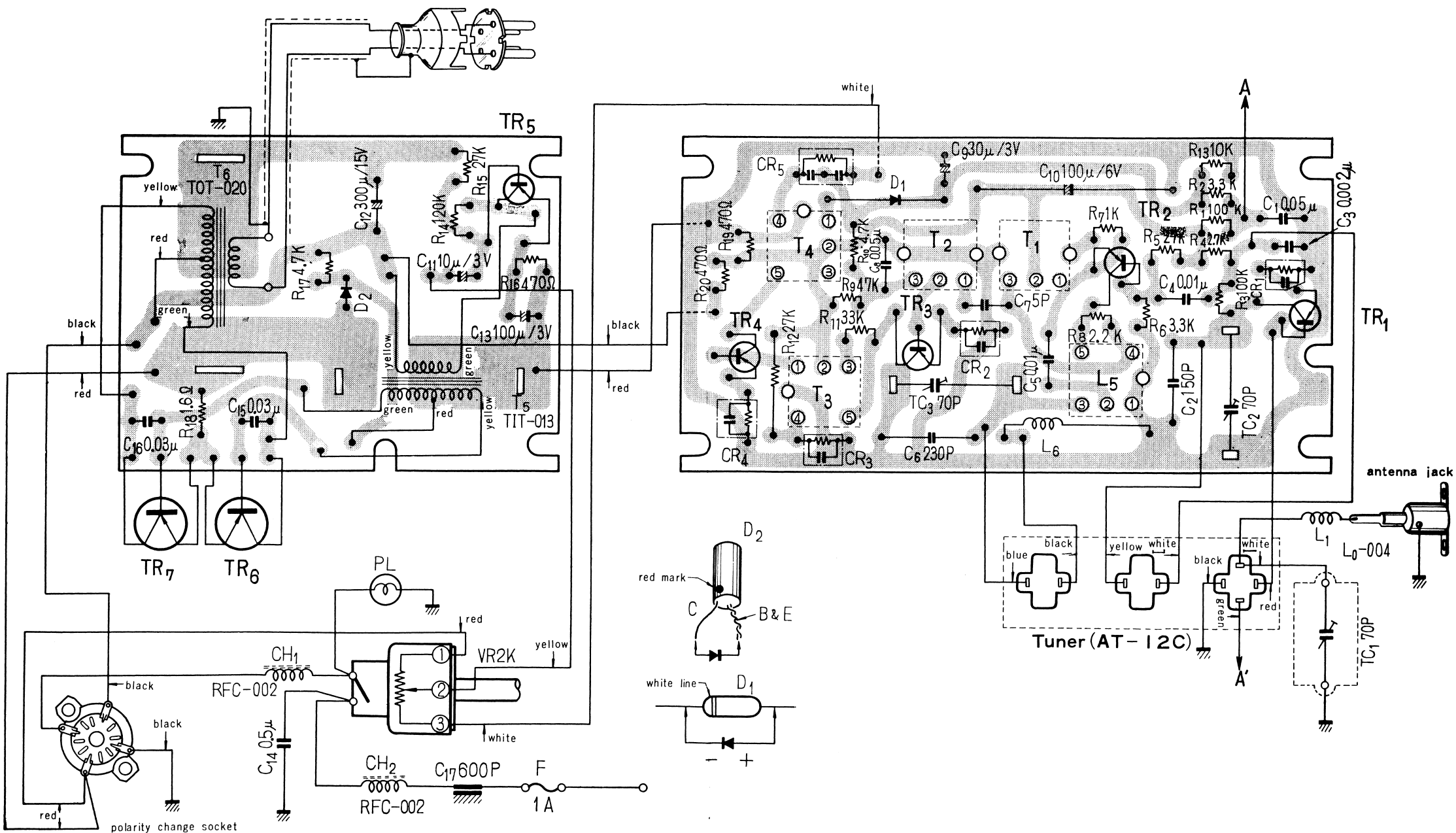
## Notes :

- 1) If not specified, all resistors are 1/2W
- 2)  $\text{---} \text{||} \text{---}$  chemical condenser
- 3) Given voltages are standard ones indicated on a tester which has 20KΩ/V internal resistance.
- 4) Voltages and currents are measured when there is no signal.
- 5)  $\text{v}$  Voltage when the pointer is positioned at 1610KC.  
\* " " " 530KC
- 6) Coil resistances are direct current ones.
- 7) This circuit diagram shows a minus (—) earthed circuit.

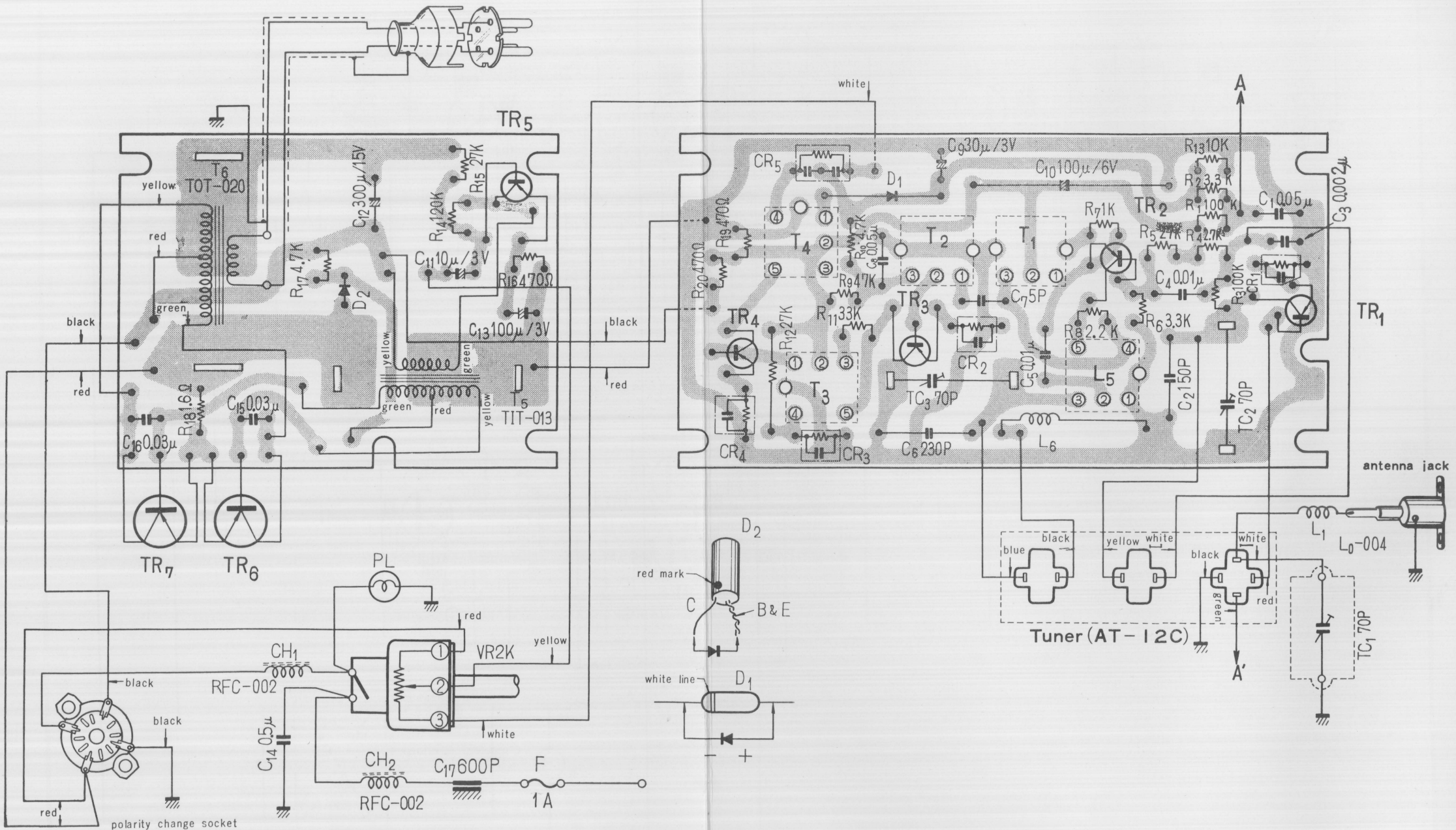
polarity change part

— in case of plus (+) earth

# AT-250 PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD



# AT-250 PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD



No.	Name	Type No.	Note
*CR <sub>1</sub> .CR <sub>2</sub> .CR <sub>4</sub>	Condenser & resistor 1K $\Omega$ 0.05 $\mu$ F	RC 11010KYZ	
*CR <sub>3</sub>	// 8.2K $\Omega$ 0.05 $\mu$ F	RC 11018KYZ	
*CR <sub>5</sub>	// 270 $\Omega$ 0.01 $\mu$ F $\times$ 2	RC 12004MYZ	
*TC <sub>1</sub>	trimmer condenser	TL-70	
*TC <sub>2</sub> .TC <sub>3</sub>	//	TT-70	
*L <sub>1</sub>	loading coil	L <sub>0</sub> -004	
L <sub>2</sub> .L <sub>3</sub> .L <sub>4</sub>	tuner	AT-12C	
L <sub>5</sub>	oscillating coil	OSC-006	
L <sub>6</sub>	oscillating series coil	FC-23M3	
*T <sub>1</sub>	intermediate frequency transformer	IF-22001	1st IFT
*T <sub>2</sub>	//	IF-22002	2nd IFT
*T <sub>3</sub>	//	IFT-004	3rd IFT
*T <sub>4</sub>	//	IFT-005	4th IFT
*T <sub>5</sub>	input transformer	TIT-013	
*T <sub>6</sub>	output transformer	TOT-020	
*CH <sub>1</sub> .CH <sub>2</sub>	hush choke coil	RF-002	
*SP	speaker	P-524S	3 $\Omega$ , 2.5W
F	fuse	1A glass tube type	
PL	pilot lamp	FL-002 (12V 2w)	
	dial plate		
	dial knob		
	antenna jack		
	4P speaker plug		
	4P socket		
	polarity change socket SM-033		
	// plug 4P-GP		

