682-4871



MODEL DATA SHEET

for

"HIS MASTER'S VOICE"

MODEL 14-15



This model is a four-valve plus metal rectifier portable receiver of the 'handbag" type in a leather case. Operation from either internal batteries or 200 to 255 volt, 40 or 50 c.p.s. mains is possible.

BATTERIES:	148-1501	Bracket (Battery Retaining) 1
1 Eveready Type 717 (7.5 volts). Part No. 125-0071.	148-1331	Brackets (Chassis Mtg.) 2
1 Eveready Type 495 (90 volts). Part No. 125-0081.	148-1351	Bracket O/P Trans 1
DIMENSIONS:	189-0621	Cabinet—Benedictine Tan 1
Packed Unpacked	189-0631	Cabinet—Blue 1
	189-0641	Cabinet—Wild Cherry 1
	189-0651	Cabinet—Avocado Pear 1
	189-0661	Cabinet—Graphite Grey 1
Depth $6\frac{1}{4}$ in. $4\frac{1}{8}$ in.	238-0142	Clamp (Strap Fixing) 2
WEIGHT:	453-0491	Grille 1
Gross, without batteries $7\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	517-0611	Knob—Biscuit (For Tan & Green) 2
Gross, with batteries	517-0621	Knob—Grey (For Red & Grey) 2
Nett, without batteries $5\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	561-0231	Medallion 1
Nett, with batteries 7 lb.	561-0241	Medallion Script 1
RECEIVER CHASSIS:	664-0871	Plate Speaker Mtg 1
For servicing information on chassis, refer to Service	682-4891	Label—Valve Location 1
Manual for Chassis Type 14, Part No.	794-0563	Scale Dial1
682-4881.	831-0421	Speaker, 4 x 5C Rola 1
	846-0061	Strap—Benedictine Tan 1
SPEAKER:	846-0081	Strap—Wild Cherry 1
Rola Model 4-5C, Part No. 831-021. Impedance,	846-0091	Strap—Avocado Pear 1
3.5 ohms at 400 c.p.s.	846-0101	Strap—Graphite Grey 1
SPARE PARTS (Other than those shown in Chassis	849-0121	Stud—Carrying Strap 2
Manual):	905-0006	Transformer—Output1



"His Master's Voice" SERVICE MANUAL

for

FOUR - VALVE MEDIUM - WAVE BATTERY/A.C. MAINS - OPERATED PORTABLE CHASSIS TYPE 14

THE GRAMOPHONE COMPANY LIMITED

(Incorporated in England)

HOMEBUSH - - N.S.W.

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

POWER SUPPLY:

A.C. Mains-

200-210 volts—40-50 c.p.s. 230-240 volts—40-50 c.p.s.

245-255 volts—40-50 c.p.s.

Battery-

L.T. — 7.5 volts.

H.T — 90 volts.

CONSUMPTION:

Mains-

10 watts.

Battery-

L.T. — 50 mA.

H.T. — 12 mA.

TUNING RANGE:

535—1600 kc/s.

I.F. FREQUENCY:

457.5 kc/s.

VALVE COMPLEMENT:

1R5—Frequency Changer.

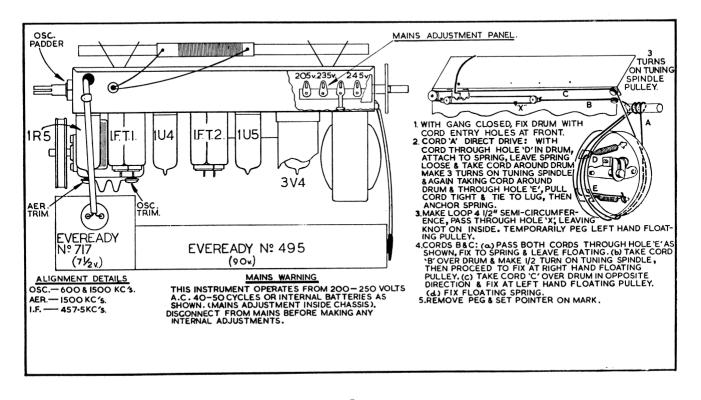
1U4—I.F. Amplifier.

1U5—Demod.-A.V.C.-A.F. Amp.

3V4—Power.

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

This chassis is a 4-valve battery/A.C. mains-operated superheterodyne receiver for medium-wave reception.



FREQUENCY CHANGER

A tuned Ferrite rod aerial coil is connected to the signal grid of the frequency changer valve. A fixed padding capacitor is used in the oscillator circuit and padding adjustment is carried out by means of the variable iron-dust core in the oscillator coil L2—L3.

I.F. AMPLIFIER

The output of the frequency changer is transformer coupled to the I.F. Amplifier grid. This stage is neutralised by capacitor C8. The amplifier output is in turn transformer coupled to the diode of the following valve. Both I.F. transformers employ permeability tuning.

DEMOD.—AVC—A.F. AMPLIFIER

The I.F. signal is demodulated in the diode circuit of a diode-pentode valve, the audio signal being developed across the volume control which constitutes the diode load.

A.V.C. voltage is derived from the same source and is applied to the Frequency Changer stage.

The demodulated signal is picked off the volume control and applied to the grid of the A.F. amplifier which is grid-leak biased. The plate circuit is resistance-capacitance coupled to the grid of the output valve.

RECEIVER ALIGNMENT

In any case where a component replacement has been made in either the tuned I.F. or R.F. circuits of the receiver, all circuits should be realigned and, even if only one coil has been serviced, the whole of the re-alignment should be undertaken in the order given.

An output meter should always be connected across the speaker voice coil terminals to indicate when the circuits are tuned to resonance.

In carrying out the following operations, it is important that the input to the receiver from the signal generator should be kept low, and progressively reduced as the circuits are brought into line, so that the output meter reading does not exceed 0.5 volt.

Note: Calibration marks are provided on the dial back-plate. Beginning at the left these marks correspond to:

- (1) Pointer setting.
- (2) 600 kc/s.
- (3) 1000 kc/s.
- (4) 1500 kc/s.

I.F. ALIGNMENT

(1) (a) Set volume control at maximum.

POWER

This stage incorporates a power pentode valve; its grid is biased by the voltage drop across the remaining valve filaments. The output of this stage is transformer coupled to the speaker voice coil.

VALVE FILAMENT CIRCUIT

All valve filaments are connected in series and the voltage drops across them are equalised by shunt resistors. It is important that the tap used on the power transformer should correspond with the value of the supply mains to which the instrument is connected. Attention to this will allow the receiver to accept fluctuations of mains voltage without overloading valve filaments. The mains voltage-tap lugs are located under the chassis as indicated on the valve location diagram.

A.C. POWER SUPPLY

A selenium metal rectifier, MR1, supplies D.C. input to two separate resistance-capacitance filters which feed L.T. and H.T. circuits respectively. Rectifier MR2 functions as a reverse current cut-out to prevent loading on the H.T. battery by the L.T. circuit.

- (b) Fully enmesh tuning capacitor plates.
- (c) Connect output leads of a signal generator through a 0.1 uF capacitor to the stator plates terminal of the front section of the 2-gang capacitor; this point is connected to the frequency changer grid.
- (2) Tune signal generator to 457.5 kc/s.
- (3) Adjust I.F. transformer trimmer screws for maximum reading on the output meter, commencing with the second I.F. transformer and following with the first.
- (4) Continue this alignment on both transformers in turn until no greater output can be obtained.

Note: If trimmer screws are screwed too far in, it may be possible to obtain a false peak. Start alignment of each transformer by first screwing its core well out, and then advancing the core into the coil until resonance is obtained.

R. F. ALIGNMENT

- Check that, when the ganged capacitor is fully closed, the pointer coincides with the setting mark on the dial back plate.
- (2) Set volume control to maximum.
- (3) Inductively couple the signal generator to the receiver by means of a test loop. (The test loop, comprising three turns of 16 B & S insulated wire about 6 inches in diameter, should be connected across the output terminals of the signal generator and placed at right angles to the rod aerial at a distance of about 1 foot).
- (4) Tune signal generator and receiver to 600 kc/s.
- (5) Whilst "rocking" the tuning control, adjust the oscillator tuning core for maximum response.

- (6) Set signal generator and receiver tuning to 1500 kc/s.
- (7) Adjust the oscillator and aerial trimmer capacitors, in that order, for maximum response.
- (8) Repeat operations (4) to (7) inclusive until correct alignment is obtained.

ADDITIONAL DATA

Any further service information may be obtained by addressing any inquiry to the "Service Division, The Gramophone Company Limited, 575-577 Parramatta Road, Leichhardt, N.S.W." (Telephone: LM 1491).

During the course of production of this receiver the Company reserves the right, without notice, to make modifications or improvements in design which may be necessary to meet prevailing conditions. Information concerning changes, which is likely to be of benefit to retailers and servicemen, will be notified as far as possible by issuing a Technical Data Sheet.

PARTS LIST — CHASSIS TYPE 14

RESISTORS

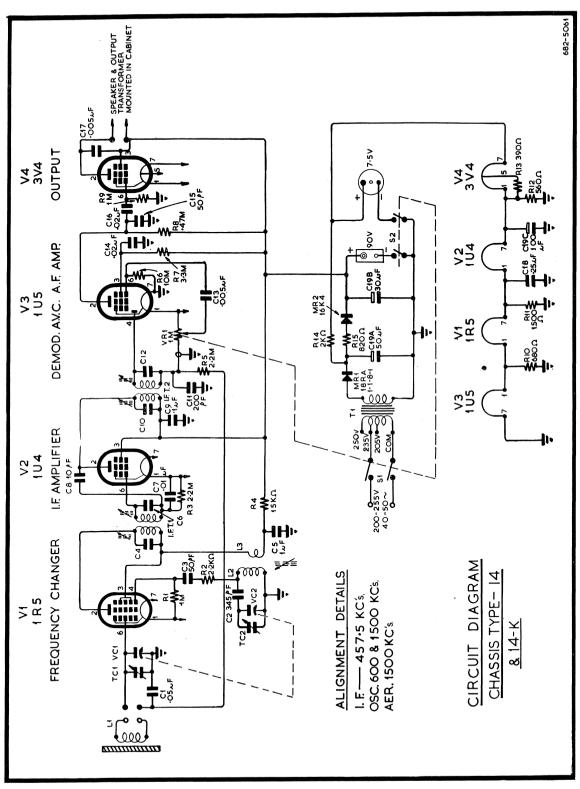
REF.	PART No.	DESCRIPTION	REF.	PART No.	DESCRIPTION
R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7	740-0142 740-0032 740-0202 740-0092 740-0202 742-0442 742-0212 742-0172	100,000 ohms \pm 10% $\frac{1}{2}$ watt 2,200 ohms \pm 10% $\frac{1}{2}$ watt 2.2 megohms \pm 10% $\frac{1}{2}$ watt 15,000 ohms \pm 10% $\frac{1}{2}$ watt 2.2 megohms \pm 10% $\frac{1}{2}$ watt 10 megohms \pm 20% 1 watt 3.3 megohms \pm 10% 1 watt 470,000 ohms \pm 10% 1 watt	R9 R10 R11 R12 R13 R14 R15	740-0532 740-0683 740-0252 740-0263 740-0003 750-0071 742-0542	1 megohm $\pm 20\% \frac{1}{2}$ watt 680 ohms $\pm 10\% \frac{1}{2}$ watt 1500 ohms $\pm 10\% \frac{1}{2}$ watt 560 ohms $\pm 10\% \frac{1}{2}$ watt 390 ohms $\pm 10\% \frac{1}{2}$ watt 2,000 ohms $\pm 5\% 5$ watt 820 ohms $\pm 10\% 1$ watt

CAPACITORS

REF.	PART No.	DESCRIPTION	REF.	PART No.	DESCRIPTION
C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 C10	279-0121 273-0801 273-0041 Part of I.F.T.1 279-0281 Part of I.F.T.1 279-0071 273-0011 279-0151 Part of I.F.T.2 273-0071	1 mF ± 20% 200v. .01 mF ± 20% 600v. 10 pF ± 10% .1 mF ± 20% 200v.	C12 C13 C14 C15 C16 C17 C18 C19 C19A C19B C19C	Part of I.F.T. 279-0031 279-0091 273-0041 279-0091 279-0031 279-0231 269-0411 Part of C19 Part of C19	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\ .005 \text{ mF} \pm 20\% 600\text{v}.\\ .02 \text{ mF} \pm 20\% 400\text{v}.\\ 50 \text{ pF} \pm 10\%\\ .02 \text{ mF} \pm 20\% 400\text{v}.\\ .005 \text{ mF} \pm 20\% 600\text{v}.\\ .25 \text{ mF} \pm 20\% 200\text{v}.\\ 3 \text{ section electrolytic}\\ 50 \text{ mfd} 150 \text{ W.V.}\\ 30 \text{ mfd} 150 \text{ W.V.}\\ 100 \text{ mfd} 10 \text{ W.V.} \end{array}$

MISCELLANEOUS

REF.	PART No.	DESCRIPTION	REF.	PART No.	DESCRIPTION
	253-0161 257-0161 281-0141 Part of VC1-2 906-0141 904-0131 677-0251 855-0281 932-0641	Rod Aerial Coil, M/W Oscillator Capacitor, 2 gang variable Capacitor, Aerial and osc. trimming Transformer I.F (1st & 2nd) Transformer, mains Volume control, 500,000 ohms with D.P.S.T. Switch D.P. switch wafer (ganged with VR1/S1) Selenium Rectifier, 18RA 1-1-8-1	MR2 V1 V2 V3 V4	932-0651 932-0071 932-0681 932-0691 932-0101 381-0101 671-0451 889-0422 840-0461 297-0061	Selenium Rectifier, 16K4 Valve 1R5 Valve 1U4 Valve 1U5 Valve 3V4 Drum, dial Pointer assembly Pulley (floating), pointer drive Spring Cord, HEAVY Cord, LIGHT



VOLTAGE TABLE

- RECEIVER OPERATING ON MAINS POWER SUPPLY & TUNED TO A POINT OF NO RECEPTION.
- READINGS TAKEN WITH MAINS VOLTAGE ADJUSTED TO THE NOMINAL VALUE OF THE TAP USED ON THE TRANSFORMER. BATTERIES DISCONNECTED.
- VOLTAGE READINGS TAKEN WITH METER RESISTANCE OF 1,000 OHMS PER VOLT.

VOLTS TO CHASSIS	CURRENT M. A.	RESISTANCE TO CHASSIS	VALVE ELECTRODE	BOTTOM VIEW OF VALVE SOCKET	VALVE ELECTRODE	VOLTS TO CHASSIS	CURRENT M.A.	RESIST'CE TO CHASSIS	
	V1			1 R 5	FREQUE	ENCY	CHANG	ER	
	0.13	100KD	OSC .GRID		FILAMENT-				
51	2.3 {	*INFIN.	SCREEN	├	GRID			3·2MΩ	
51	*)	FINFIN.	PLATE	├ • • /	FILAMENT+	2.75	48		
1.35	48		FILAMENT-						
	V2				I.F. AMPLIFIER				
			NO CONN.		FILAMENT-				
90	0.3	*INFIN.	SCREEN	→	GRID			2·2MΩ	
90	1-1	FINFIN.	PLATE	├ • • /	FILAMENT+	4.1	48		
2.75	48		FILAMENT-						
			V3	1U 5	AUDIO AM	IPLIFIER	-DEM	OD.	
		1MΩ	DIODE		NO CONN.				
7.5	0.02	*INFIN.	SCREEN	—	GRID			10MΩ	
16	0.12	# INFIN.	PLATE	→	FILAMENT+	0	48		
1.35	48		FILAMENT-						
			V4	3V4	OU.	TPUT			
			NO CONN.		FILAMENT-CI	r. 5·1			
90	1.4	*INFIN.	SCREEN	→	GRID			1MΩ	
85	6.4	*INFIN.	PLATE	→	FILAMENT+	6.75	48		
4.1 .	48		FILAMENT-						

REMARKS.

H.T. VOLTAGE = 9Q VOLTS

H.T. CURRENT = 12 M.A.

AFTER VALVE REPLACEMENT CHECK THAT ALL FILAMENT VOLTAGES ARE BETWEEN THE LIMITS OF 1.2 TO 1.5 VOLTS WITH MAINS VOLTAGE ADJUSTED TO THE NOMINAL VALUE OF THE TAP USED ON THE FOWER TRANSFORMER.

* OBSERVE CORRECT OHMMETER POLARITY WHEN CHECKING THESE POINTS OTHERWISE INCORRECT READINGS WILL RESULT.