# PHILIPS RADIOPLAYER

# MODEL 125

### **SPECIFICATIONS**

(Subject to alteration without notice)



Power Supply	220-260V, 40-60 c/s.
Tuning Ranges	530-1620 kc/s. 5.9-18.4 Mc/s.
Magnified S/W Ranges	9.4-10.0 Mc/s (31M band) 11.4-12.1 Mc/s (25M band) 15.0-15.7 Mc/s (19M band) 17.4-18.0 Mc/s (16M band)
Intermediate Frequency	455 kc/s.
Cabinet	Wooden table

# VALVE EQUIPMENT AND VOLTAGE ANALYSIS

Valve Function	Valve No.	Valve Type	Plate Volts	Screen Volts	Osc. P. Volts
R.F. Amplifier	VI	6N8	252	49	
Frequency Converter	V2	6AN7	252	92	99
I.F. Amplifier, A.V.C. and Demodulator	V3	6N8	252	75	-
Audio Amplifier	V4	6N8	41	12	-
Power Amplifier	V5	6M5	235	252	
Rectifier	V6	6X5GT	V6 Cathode to L14 C.T. — 308V.		
Dial Lamps	V11 & V12	6.3V 0.32A tubular screw			
Voltage across R6, -3.2V; across R5 and 6,-7.9V.					

NOTE: These voltages are measured with an "1,000 ohms per volt" meter and may vary  $\frac{+}{}$  10% from the figures quoted. They are measured from the socket points indicated to chassis or across the resistors listed. The receiver should be in a "no signal" condition.

### TO REMOVE CHASSIS FROM CABINET.

Remove the power plug from the mains outlet socket. Remove the cabinet back and the four control knobs (a firm pull is all that is necessary). Release the dial cursor assembly from the dial cord and withdraw the dial lamps plug from its socket. The chassis is held to the cabinet by means of four screws in the base of the chassis and three in the baffle. Removal of these screws permits the chassis to be withdrawn from the cabinet. As the chassis is withdrawn, it should be tilted to prevent the baffle fouling the dial assembly.

The chassis may be refitted to the cabinet by a reversal of the above procedure.

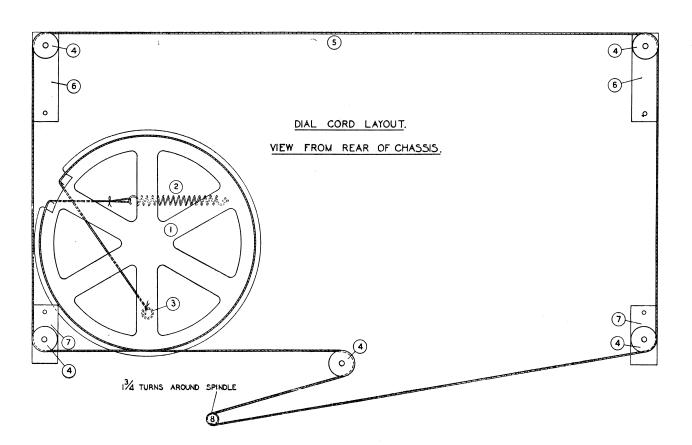
### MAINS VOLTAGE ADJUSTMENT.

The power transformer is provided with two primary winding tappings—220/240 volts and 250/260 volts—for adjustment of the receiver to the supply voltage at the point of installation. The receiver is adjusted at the factory to the 220/240 volts tapping.

### DIAL CALIBRATION ADJUSTMENT.

If station calibrations are incorrect by an equal amount over the length of the dial scale, the condition may be corrected by loosening the cursor to dial cord clamping screw, making the necessary adjustment, and firmly retightening the screw.

# MISCELLANEOUS COMPONENTS



# PARTS LISTS

	CAPACITORS	1		<b>CAPACITORS</b>	
No.	Description	Code No.	No.	Description	Code No.
Cl	150 pF mica		C49	20 pF mica	
C2, 13, 14,			C51, 52	Part of 2nd I.F. transfe	ormer
18, 24,		1	C54	0.002 mF 600V paper	•
25, 37, 42, 43	30 pF air trimmer	CZ.113.700	C56	100 pF mica $\frac{+}{-}$ 10%	
C3, 19	50 pF mica + 1 pF	CZ.064.110	C58 C59	0.005 mF 600V paper	•
C4, 20	120 pF mica + 1%	CZ.065.712	C60, 66 C63	0.05 mF 400V paper 0.02 mF 400V paper 50 pF mica	
C5	65 pF mica + 1 pF	i	C64 C65	200 pF mica 0.02 mF 600V paper	
C6, 22	260 pF mica <u>+</u> 1%	CZ.065.711	C68	l pF wire	
C7, 8, 9	3 gang tuning	CZ.108.204		RESISTORS	
C10, 62	0.1 mF 200V paper		No.	Description	Code No.
C11, 26	0.001 mF mica		R1, 7, 14	1 megohm ½W carbon	
C12, 23,			R2, 31 R3	250,000 ohms ½W car	
34, 41	8 pF air trimmer	CZ.113.500	R4	25,000 ohms 1W carbo	
C15, 27,	0.01 5.0007		R5	75 ohms 1W W/W 1	
50, 55	0.01 mF 600V paper		R6	50 ohms 1W W/W 1	
C16	30 pF mica		R8	30,000 ohms 1W carb	
C17	5 pF mica		R9	15,000 ohms 1W carb	on 10%
C21	60 pF mica <sup>+</sup> 1 pF	CZ.064.109	R10	30,000 ohms 1W carb	
C28, 29, 53	100 pF mica		RII	25,000 ohms ½W carb	on
C30	40 pF ceramic — 1	ρF	R12	100 ohms ½W carbon	
		CZ.096.403	R13 R15, 16, 18	100,000 ohms ½W car	bon
C31	20 pF mica + 1 pF	CZ.064.101	26, 30	, 0.5 megohm ½W carbo	n
C33	190 pF mica + 1%		R17	150,000 ohms 1W car	
C33				50,000 ohms ½W carb	on
C35	45 pF mica + 1 pF	CZ.064.108	R20, 32	10,000 ohms ½W carbo	on
C36	225 pF mica + 1%	1	R22	0.5 megohm tapped carbon potentiomete	r ZZ.029.129
C38	450 pF mica + 2%	CZ.066.117	R23, 25	2 megohms ½W carbon	
C39	0.0045 mF mica $\frac{+}{-}$	10%	R24	2 megohms 1W carbon	
C44, 45	24 mF 525V electrol		R27 R28	250,000 ohms 1W car	
C46, 47			R33	100,000 ohms 1W car 250 ohms ½W W/W	
•	Part of 1st I.F. tran		R34	25 ohms ½W W/W	
C48, 61	0.05 mF 200V paper	·	R35	100 ohms ½W carbon	0 70

# COILS

No.	Ohms	Description	Code No.	No.	Ohms	Description	Code No.
L1 L2 L3 L4	23 2 1 <0.5	B/C Aerial Coil (2 white spots)  S/W Aerial Coil (1 r and 1 white spot)	CZ.323.008 red CZ.323.009	L13 L14 L15 L16	45 600 <0.5 <0.5	Power Transformer	CZ.344.217
L5 L6	45 }	B/C R.F. Coil (2 black spots)	CZ.323.225	L17 L18	520 12 )	Filter Choke	CZ.341.002
<b>L</b> 7 L8	<0.5 } <0.5 }	S/W R.F. Coil (2 yellow spots)	CZ.323.226	L19 L20	12	1st I.F. Transformer	CZ.320.421
L9	Ţ }	B/C Oscillator Coil		L21	12	2nd I.F. Transformer	CZ.320.420
LIO LII	3 <b>)</b> <b>≺</b> 0.5 }	(1 blue spot) S/W Oscillator Coil	CZ.330.602	L22 L23	350 } 0.5 <b>}</b>	Speaker Transformer 6,000 ohms	CZ.345.007
L12	<0.5 j	(1 white spot)	CZ.330.603	L24	1.5	Speaker	CZ.161.216

IMPORTANT! In ordering spare parts, quote CODE NUMBER of part and MODEL NUMBER of Receiver. In claiming free replacement under GUARANTEE, return defective part PROMPTLY and quote MODEL and SERIAL NUMBER of Receiver and DATE OF PURCHASE.

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#### ALIGNMENT.

The incorporation of a removable cabinet bottom cover allows nearly all of the alignment work to be performed without having to remove the chassis from the cabinet. It is, however, necessary to remove the chassis for adjustment of the aerial trimmers for the continuous short wave and both magnified bands. Before commencing alignment, set the dial cursor, with the tuning capacitor fully closed, to the 300 mark on the escalator scale.

A diagram showing the location of the trimming capacitors is published with the circuit diagram drawing. The B/C aerial trimmer (not shown on the drawing) is mounted on top of the chassis.

The iron cores for the secondaries of the I.F. transformers are accessible from the top of the cans; those for the primaries are accessible from the bottom.

There is an interdependence between trimmers and it is necessary that the broadcast and continuous short wave bands be completely aligned before alignment of the magnified bands is attempted.

Alignment frequencies are:-

Broadcast band .... 1,420 kc/s. and 600 kc/s. Continuous S/W

band .... 18.4 Mc/s., 17.8 Mc/s., 6 Mc/s.

Magnified band I 11.9 Mc/s.

Magnified band II 15.3 Mc/s., 17.8 Mc/s.

Capacitive trimmer adjustments are used on all frequencies except 600 kc/s., where the B/C oscillator iron core is used, and 6 Mc/s., where the S/W oscillator iron core is used. Do not attempt to adjust the iron core of the aerial and R.F. coils.

In trimming magnified band II, use the series trimmer C34 at 15.3 Mc/s and the parallel trimmer C41 at 17.8 Mc/s. The procedure here, if calibrations do not come correct at the first attempt, is to halve out the error each time until calibrations are correct.

The magnified band oscillator trimmers should not be finally adjusted until the chassis is refitted to the cabinet.

If an oscillator coil has been replaced, a preliminary adjustment of the iron core is necessary. This is done at 600 kc/s. for the broadcast coil and 6 Mc/s. for the short wave coil. The adjustment consists of setting the

dial cursor to the appropriate frequency and adjusting the iron core until a signal of that frequency is received.

The oscillator and signal frequency relationships are:—
Continuous S/W band: Oscillator frequency higher than signal.

#### Magnified band 1:

- 31 metres band: Oscillator frequency higher than signal.
- 25 metres band: Oscillator frequency lower than signal.

#### Magnified band II:

- 19 metres band: Oscillator frequency higher than signal.
- 16 metres band: Oscillator frequency lower than signal.

## REMOVAL OF INCLINATOR DIAL ASSEMBLY.

This operation can be carried out with the chassis in position in the cabinet, but it is facilitated if it is first removed—see "To Remove Chassis from Cabinet." In order to prevent possible damage to the dial glass, it is well to remove it also—see "Dial Glass Removal."

The inclinator dial assembly is held in place by means of two mounting brackets located at the ends. Removal of these brackets, from within the cabinet, permits the assembly to be lifted clear of the cabinet. If the operation is performed with the chassis in position, make sure that the dial lamp plug is removed from its socket, and the dial cursor is released from the dial cord before proceeding.

### DIAL GLASS REMOVAL.

Raise the dial glass into its maximum forward position. This allows access to the dial glass clamping screws in the dial assembly end housing. Loosen the clamping screws (it is not necessary that they be completely removed) and withdraw the dial glass from the assembly. When the dial glass is replaced, make sure that it is securely clamped.

### DIAL LAMP REPLACEMENT.

This operation is carried out from outside the cabinet. The dial lamps are located, one at each end of the dial glass, in the end housing. The covers are a clip fit and are easily removed.

